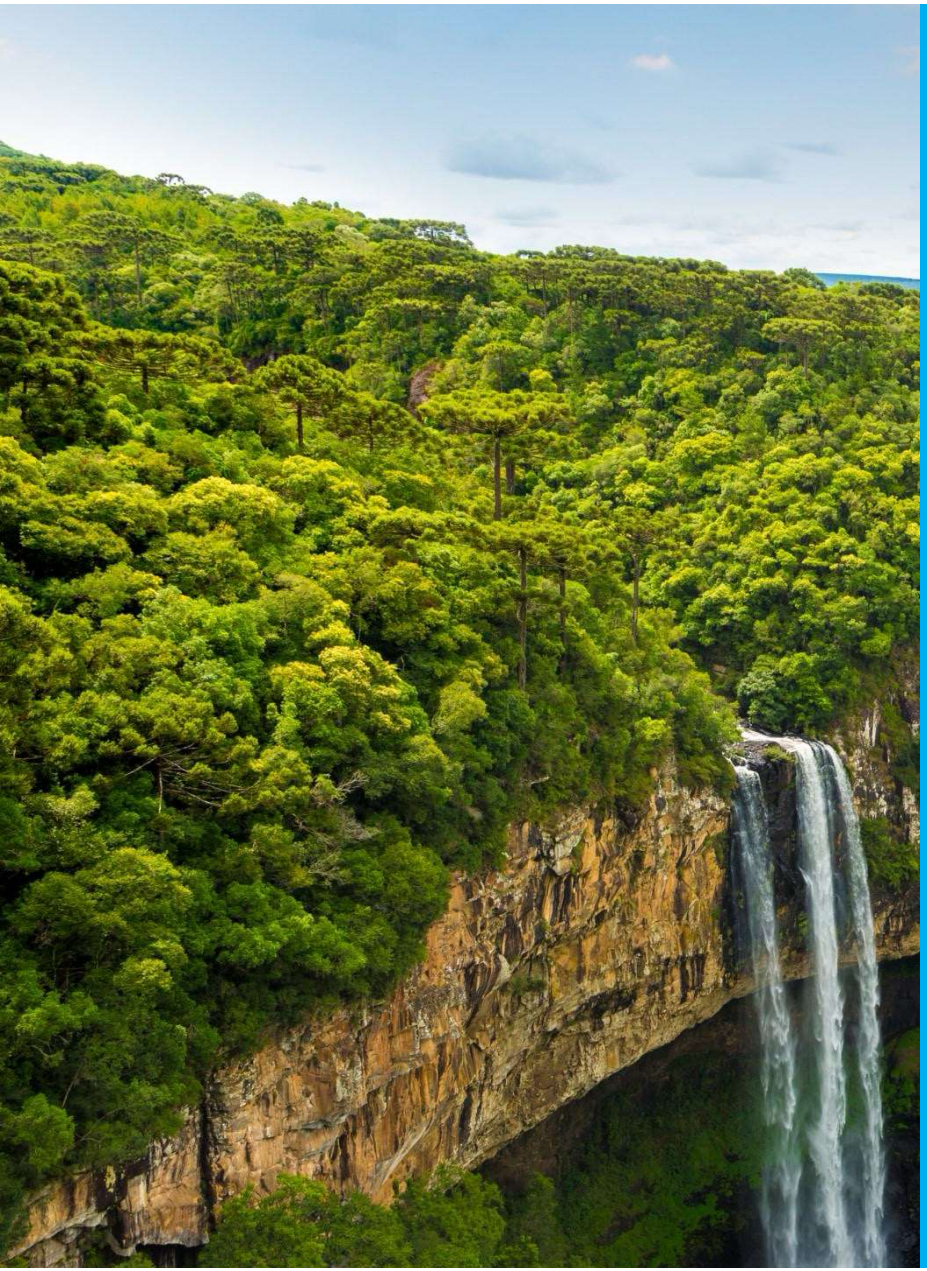
Visualising spatial data using UN Biodiversity Lab

Violeta Munoz-Fuentes

Digital Transformation Team, UNEP-WCMC

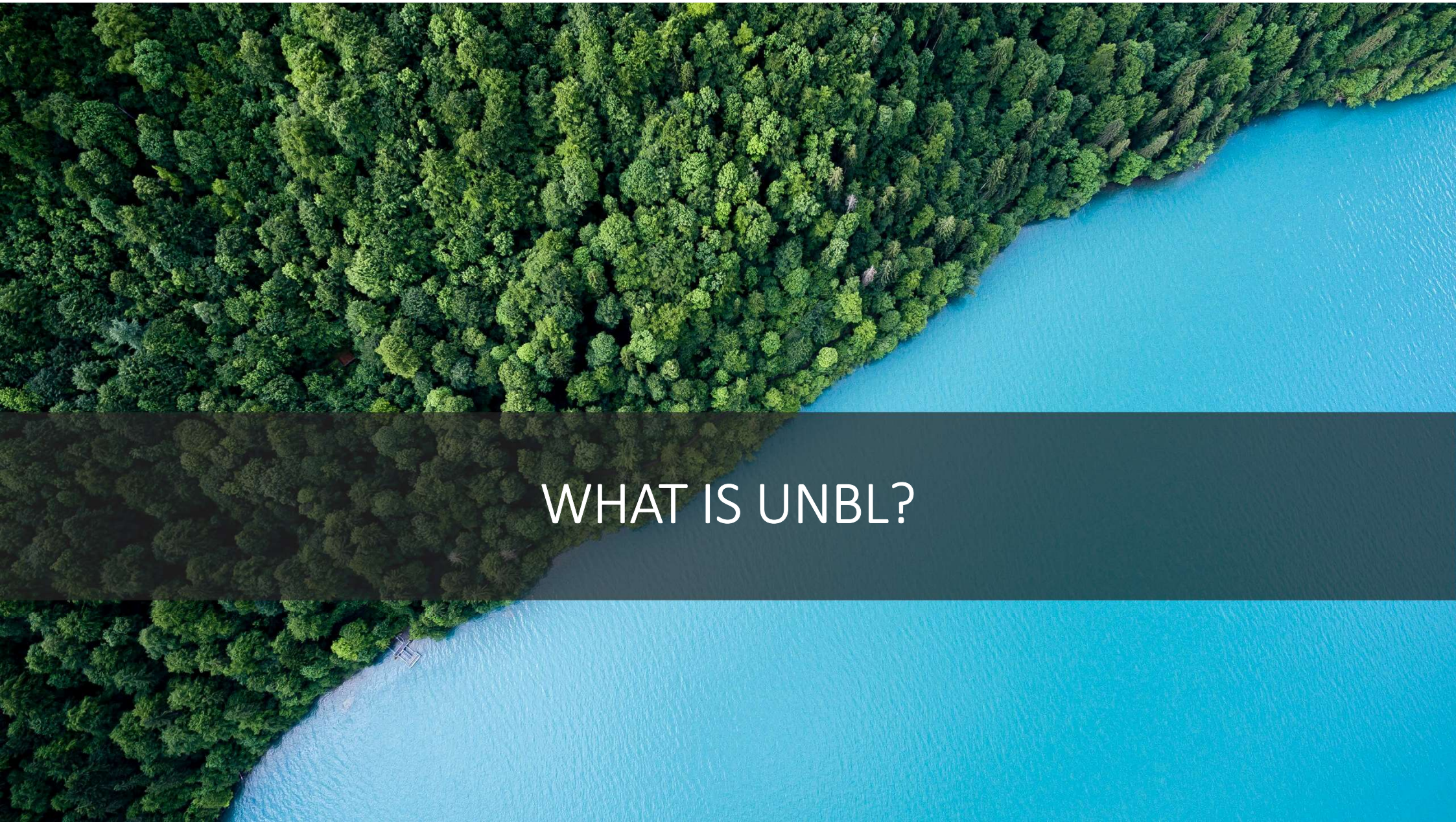
UN environment programme WCMC

NEA Initiative, Cambridge, 20th September 2024



Agenda:

- What is UNBL?
- UNBL website overview
- UNBL demonstration
- Future developments
- Q & A


WHAT IS UNBL?

M0

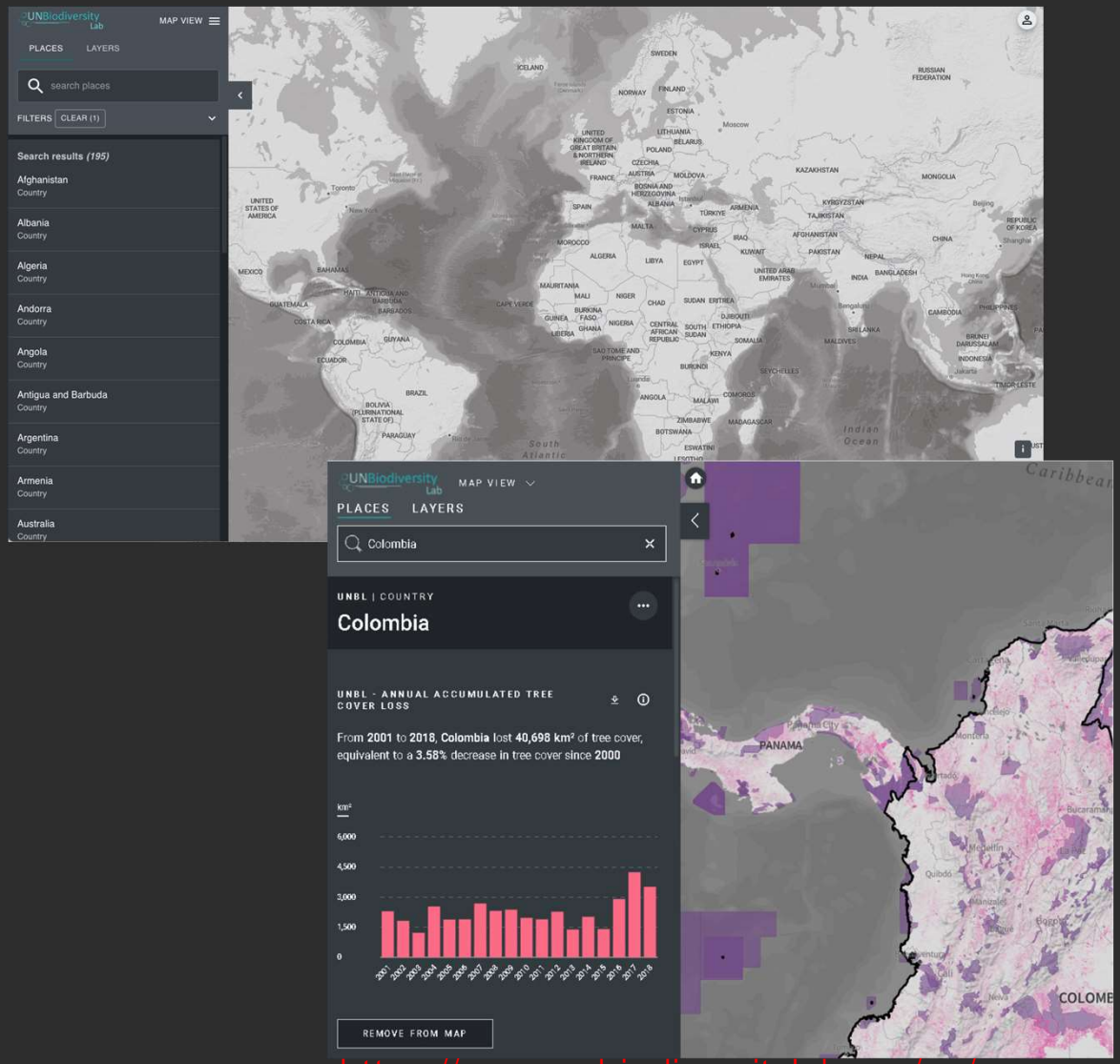
UNBL | SPATIAL DATA TOOL FOR DECISION MAKING

- Facilitates access to the best available global spatial data and custom-developed analytic tools to generate insight >> impactful measures for conservation and sustainable development

- Open-source web platform

- Visualize global spatial data
  - More than 600+ data layers
  - Focused on biodiversity and sustainable development data
- Generate maps
- Perform one-click analyses

- Support users with no GIS expertise



https://www.unbiodiversitylab.org/en/

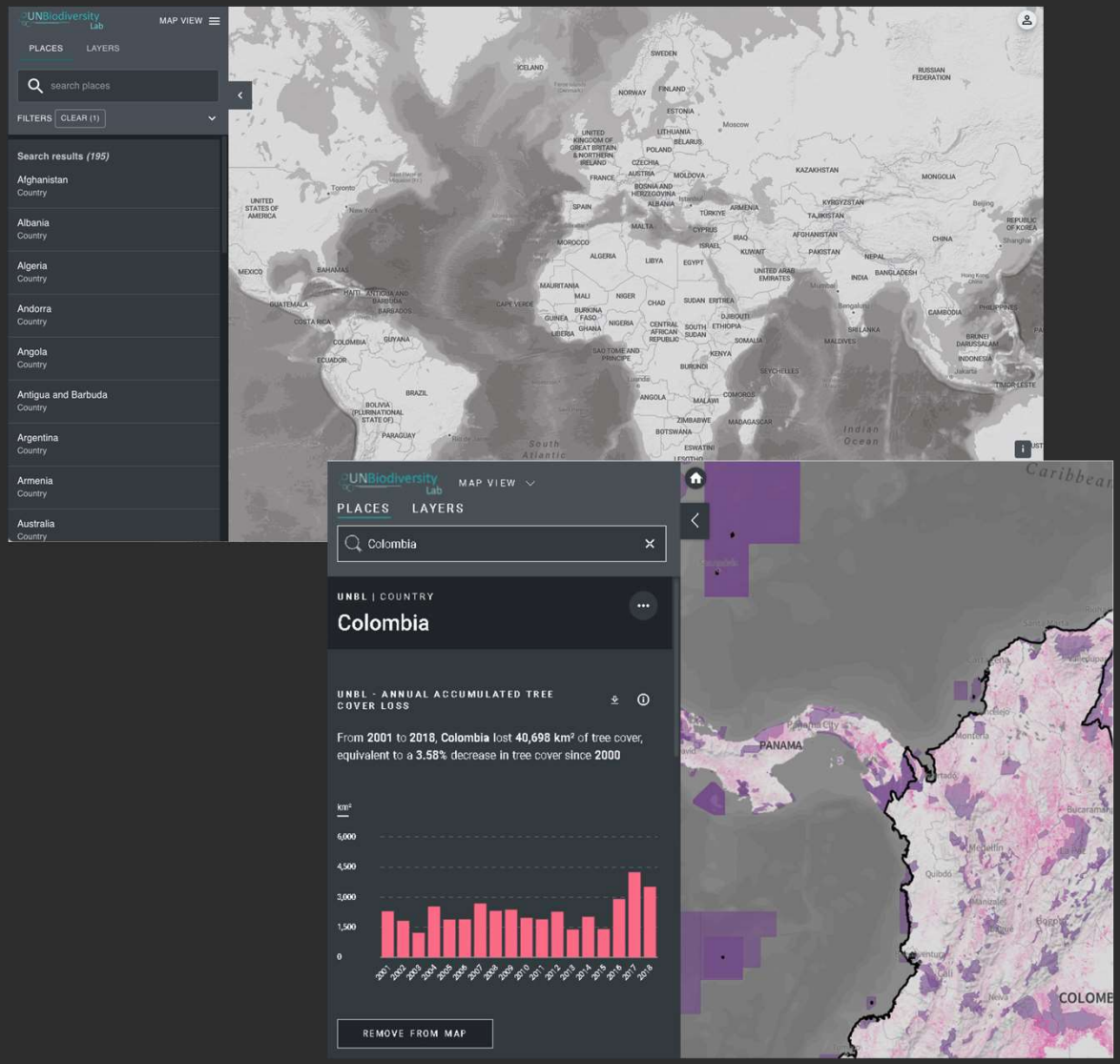
Slide 4

M0 When speaking please include some information specific to NEAs - how can UNBL be useful for the people in the room to undertake their NEAs, or other aspects of their work.

Melissa, 2024-09-19T14:59:44.635

WHY UNBL?

- Partnership of UNEP-WCMC, UNDP, UNEP and CBD
- Created to support Parties in commitments to the CBD: led to a 2x increase in the number of maps between 5NR and 6NR (55 countries)
- In 2023, funding from the Betty and Gordon Moore Foundation is allowing to further develop UNBL to support countries in spatial monitoring, planning processes and reporting needs in relation to the KM Global Biodiversity Framework



EXPLORE / VISUALIZE

Nashulai Maasai Conservancy

We are extremely grateful for new map of Nashulai Maasai Conservancy – and for opening our eyes to the ways spatial analysis, combined with our traditional knowledge systems, can be applied to support critical decisions for sustainability in our ancestral lands.

DATA ACCESS

SDG 15: Maintaining Life on Land

Colombia, Ecuador and Peru analysed scenarios of land use and climate change under The Life on Land project. Data identified as relevant will be regularly updated in UNBL through 2030 in response to requests from participating institutions in Colombia, Ecuador, and Peru.

SPATIAL PLANNING

Costa Rica *- The ELSA methodology was impactful in supporting policies that get to the heart of our biodiversity and environmental challenges. These maps present us with three simple solutions: Protect, Restore, Manage. Maps of Hope can guide us to take action on nature for climate, on nature for life.*

Kazakhstan *- The ELSA methodology helped identify locations most amenable to planting drought-tolerant crop varieties, developing solar and wind technologies for irrigation and planning for protected areas commitments.*

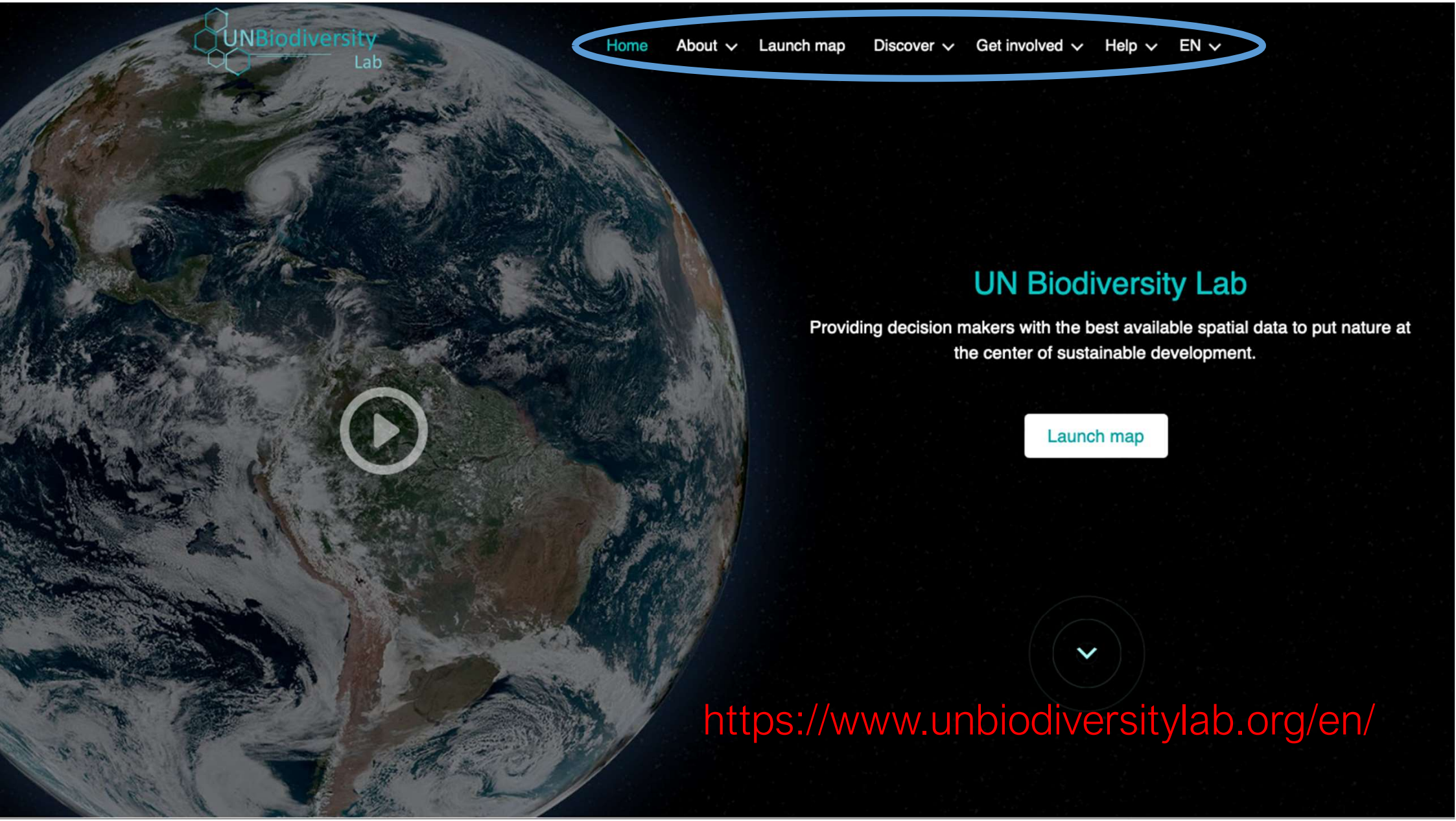
NATIONAL REPORTING

Uptake of UNBL by countries in the 6th National Report - 55 nations created at least one map using UNBL and 13 of these nations relied on UNBL to produce 70 percent or more of their maps.

RESEARCH AND ACADEMIA

UNBL has contributed to maps in scientific publications and was praised for easiness and intuitiveness to use


UNBL WEBSITE OVERVIEW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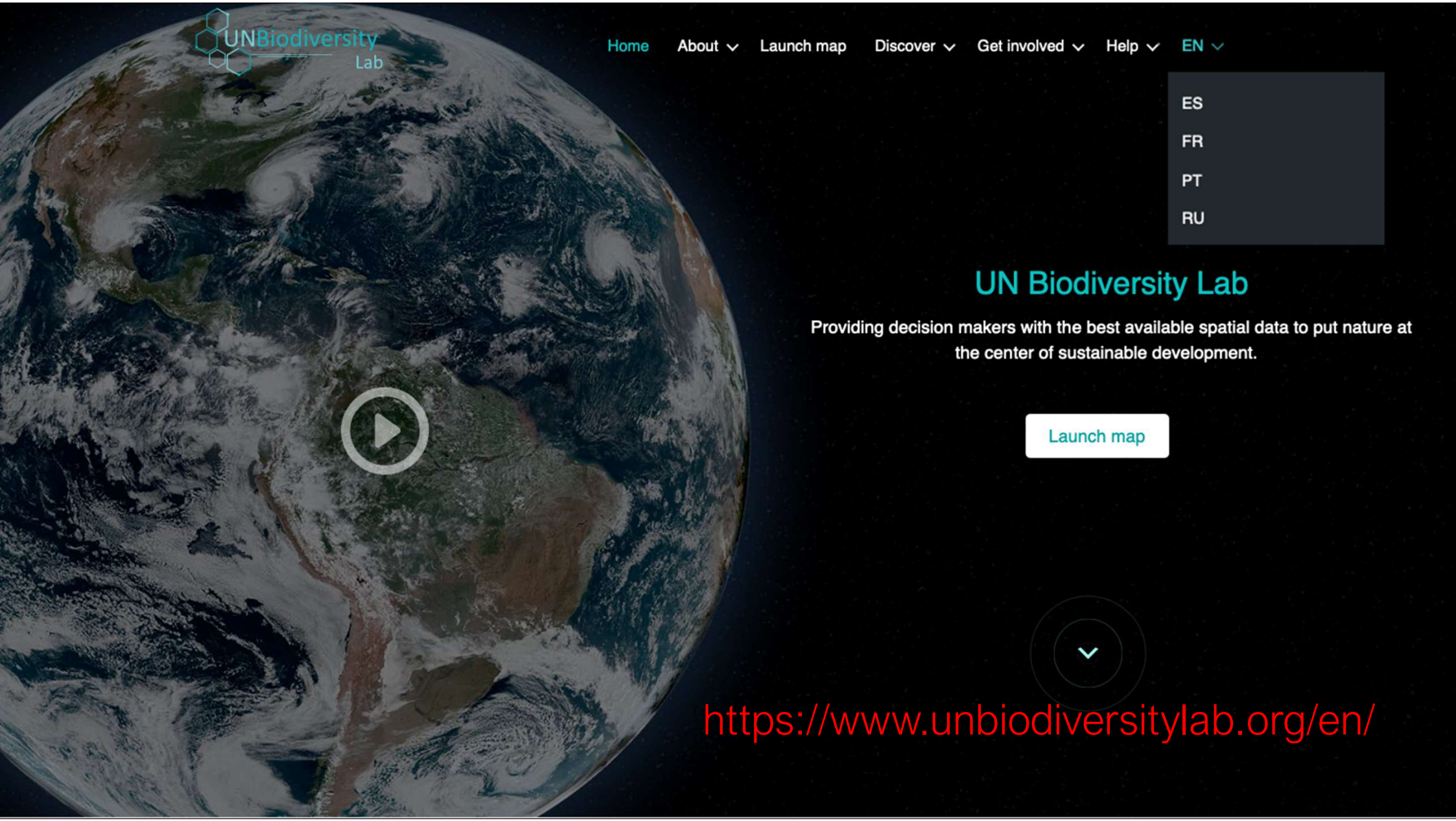
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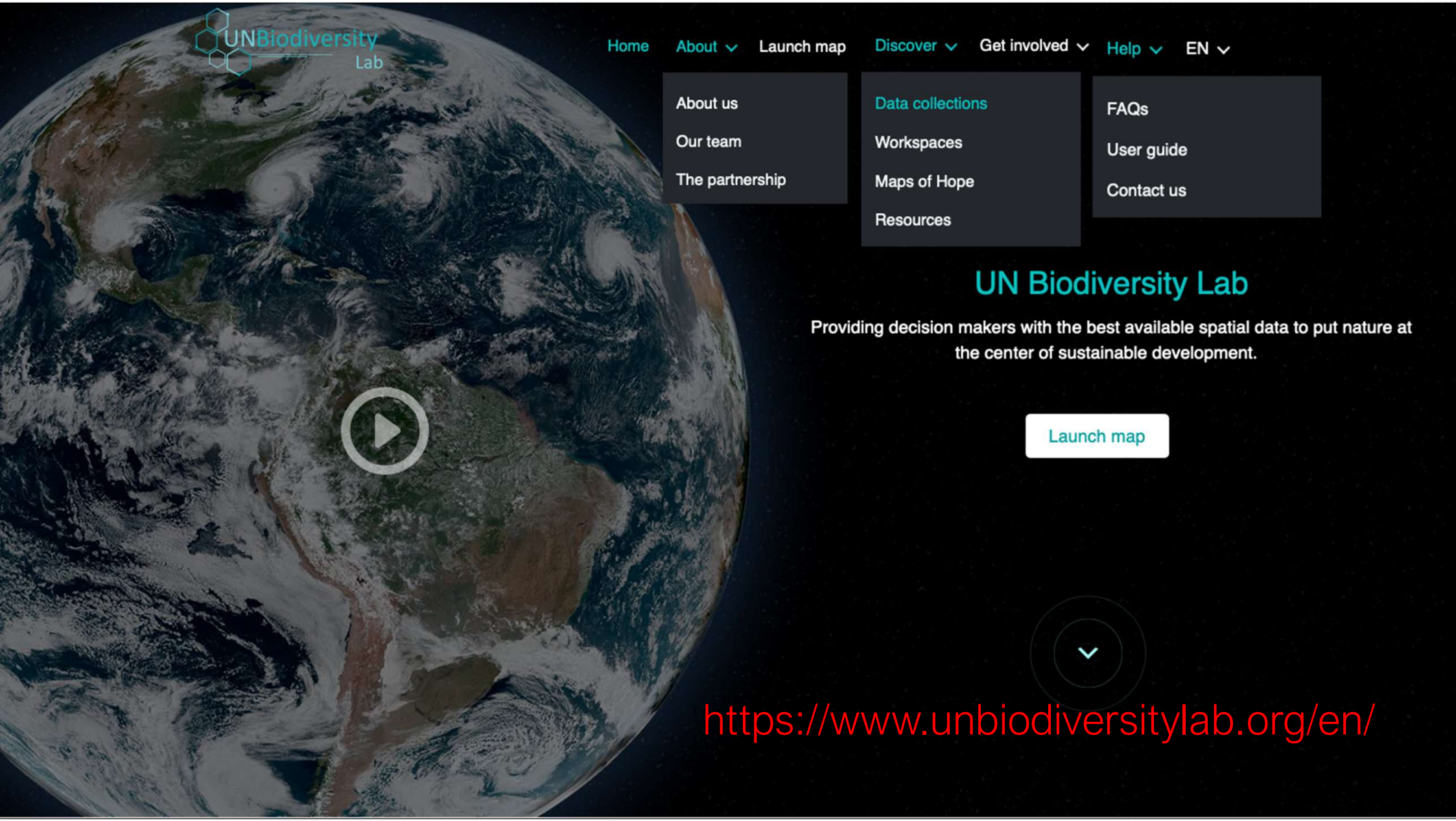
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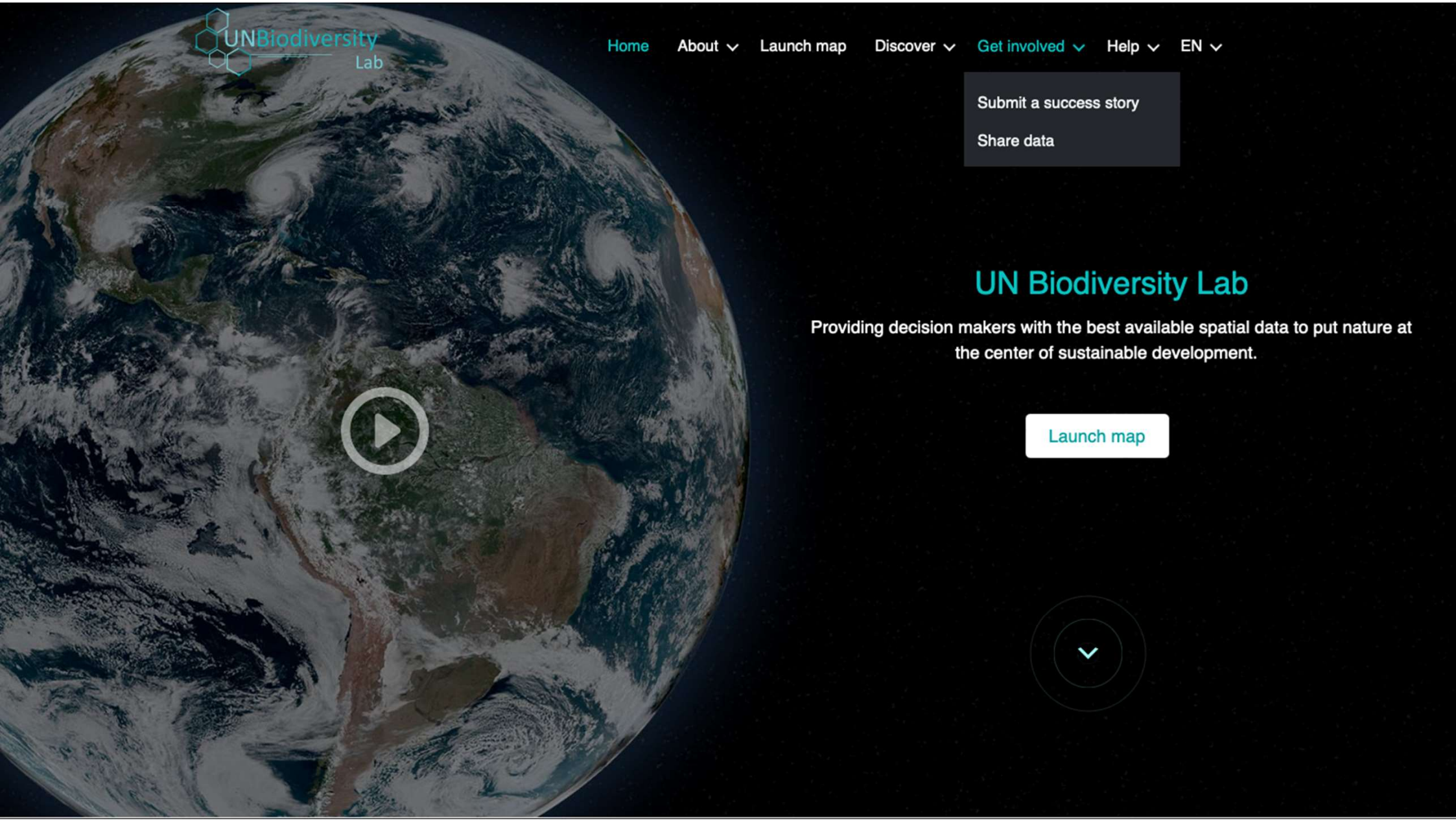
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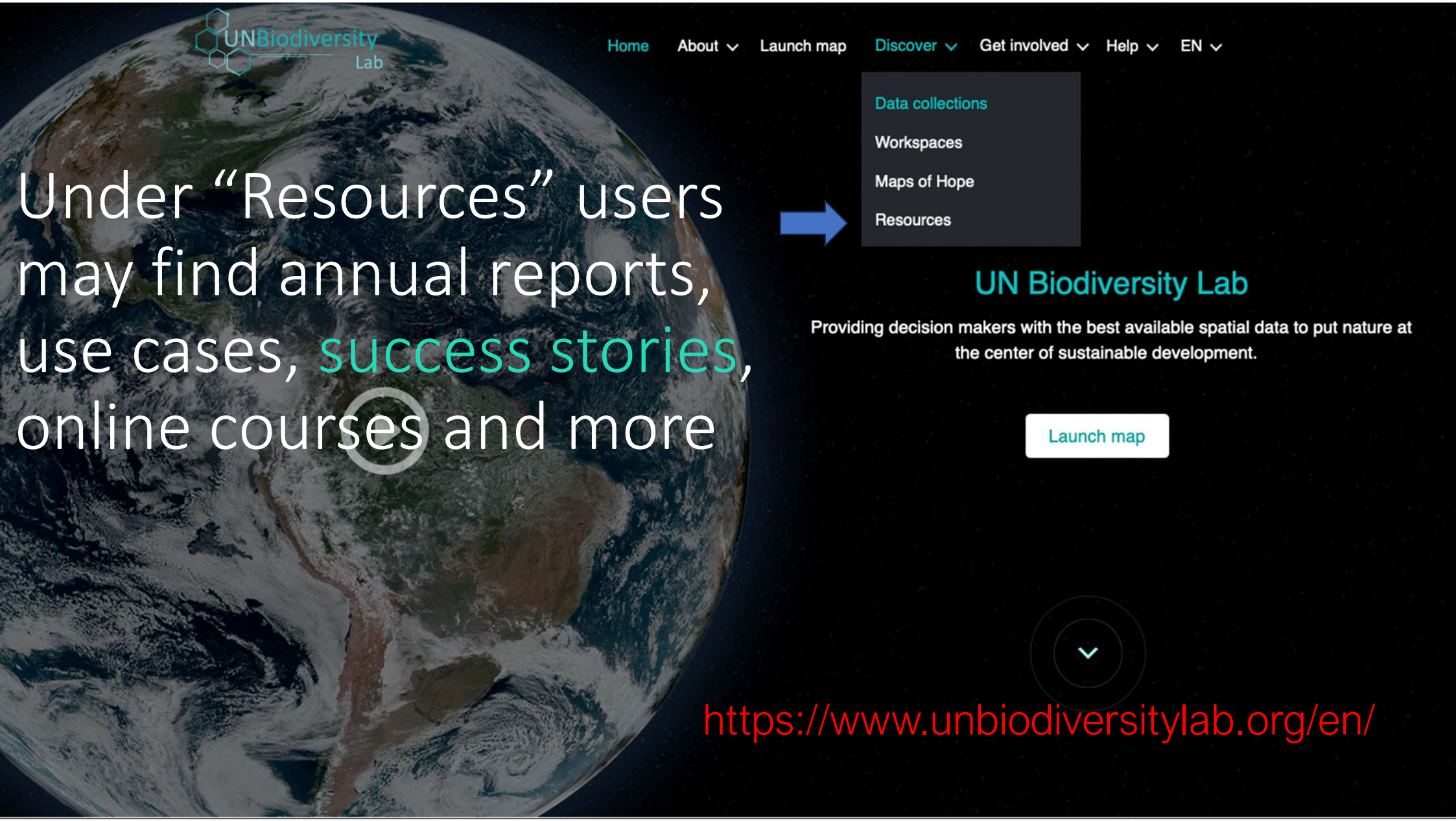

Under “Resources” users may find annual reports, use cases, success stories, online courses and more

https://www.unbiodiversitylab.org/en/

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Report

Accelerating The SDGs Through Digital Public Infrastructure: A Compendium of The Potential of Digital Public Infrastructure

Success Story

UNBL Case Study Brochure

English | Español | Français | Português | Русский

Report

Guía de formulación de proyectos SbN para la Acción Climática

Español

Report

UN Biodiversity Lab: 2022 Annual Report

Report

UN Biodiversity Lab: 2021 Annual Report

Report

Digital Public Goods for the SDGs

Blog

Putting Nature on the Map

Blog

Mapeo de la Esperanza: En el Corazón del Desarrollo Sostenible

UNBL Case Study Brochure: user cases & user testimonials

UNBiodiversity Lab

UNBL

Convention on Biological Diversity · UN environment programme · UN environment programme WCMC · UNDP

Why Spatial Data?

The use of spatial data can be transformative in the face of climate change, biodiversity loss, and development challenges. This is because it enables national governments, civil society organizations, Indigenous Peoples and local communities and researchers to make data-driven decisions to prioritize action and monitor progress towards their goals more accurately. Many countries request support when accessing high-quality spatial data so they can more meaningfully incorporate it into national planning, implementation, and monitoring. We created the UN Biodiversity Lab (UNBL) to meet this need.

Learn more about UN Biodiversity Lab Watch the UNBL trailer

Get an overview of environmental trends without GIS expertise

What is the state of biodiversity and human pressure in my area of interest?

Understand ICCAs' biodiversity contributions

RICH DATA · DATA VISUALIZATION · DYNAMIC METRICS

USER TYPE | UN AGENCY & INDIGENOUS PEOPLES AND LOCAL COMMUNITIES

The SGP/ICCA GSI (Global Support Initiative to territories and areas conserved by Indigenous Peoples and local communities, delivered by UNDP's Small Grants Programme) have used UNBL to visualize the prevalence of biodiversity in and around areas conserved by Indigenous Peoples and local communities (ICCAs) in Jordan.

TESTIMONIALS

Governments & Government Research Institutions

"UNBL has facilitated the review and use of information that complement[s] national layers. [In our] project, UNBL has served as an open repository where users can easily review not only ELSA results but data used during the [research and management] process. Official national repositories are not so user friendly."

Susana Rodríguez Buriticá
Alexander von Humboldt Biological Resources Research Institute, Colombia

"As the first country to pilot the ELSA methodology in 2019, Costa Rica has seen just how impactful it can be in supporting policies that get to the heart of our biodiversity and development challenges. We are proud to collaborate with UNDP to lend our expertise once again to the improvement of the ELSA tool, this time supporting a version on UNBL that can be scaled up to support all countries."

Rafael Monge
Ministry of Environment and Energy, Costa Rica

"Dynamic metrics via UNBL are critical for monitoring the status of nature in Uganda. The platform enables us to track tends in tree cover loss, fire activity, vegetation, and more to better plan interventions and assess the impact of our work at NEMA."

National Environmental Management Authority of Uganda

UN Agencies and Intergovernmental Funds

"As a data scientist, I appreciate the openness of the platform. Every organization generates data and works hard to make it understandable. By sharing across organizations, we can unlock additional ways to use the same data and maximize return on investment."

Imal Jen-La Plante, Ph.D.
Green Climate Fund

"I think at GEF SGP [Global Environment Facility Small Grants Programme] and UNDP level, all interventions should have integration to UNBL as it will speak for them in a spatial way that is becoming the norm for location-relevant interventions."

Anas Khasawneh
Small Grants Programme & ICCA Global Support Initiative, UNDP Jordan

"The UN Biodiversity Lab has provided Peru with a central location to be able to access, visualize, and download spatial data layers produced by the NASA Life on Land project for Peru to support reporting on Sustainable Development Goal 15, Life on Land. UNBL offers us a user-friendly interface where policymakers across multiple government agencies can easily access and use the data to support national reporting and decision-making."

Patricia Huerta
UNDP Peru

Report

How can my team access accurate data to report on biodiversity?

Rio Convention reporting

USER TYPE | NATIONAL GOVERNMENT

RICH DATA · DATA VISUALIZATION

In Uganda, practitioners expect their use of UNBL to result in long-term improvements to reporting for Rio Conventions, including CBD, the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCC), and UN Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD). This is because Uganda has already used UNBL to guide its Environmental and Social Impact Assessments, informing the allocation of financing for protection, restoration, and management of ecosystems.

Reporting on biodiversity agreements

USER TYPE | NATIONAL GOVERNMENT

DATA VISUALIZATION · DYNAMIC METRICS · SECURE WORKSPACES

UNBL played a key role in supporting an 81% increase in the use of spatial data in official national reports on biodiversity. In the last report, 55 nations created at least one map using UNBL support. Thirteen of these nations relied on the UNBL to produce 70 percent or more of the maps they included in their 6NR. New features coming in 2023 will support future reporting under the new Global Biodiversity Framework.

UNBiodiversity

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Success Story

UNBL Case Study Brochure

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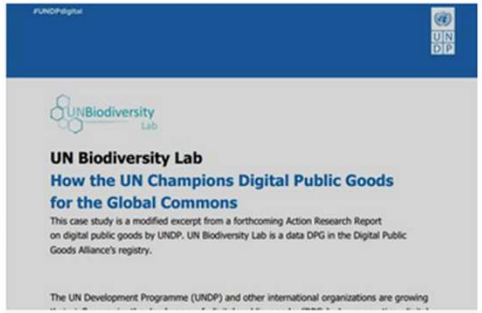


Success Story

UN Biodiversity Lab: How the UN Champions Digital Public Goods for the Global Commons

Success Story

Using spatial data for biodiversity decision-making

Success Story

Mapeo de la esperanza: en el corazón del desarrollo sostenible

Español

Success Story

SDG 15: Maintaining life on land – Under scenarios of land use and climate change in Colombia, Ecuador, and Peru

Success Story

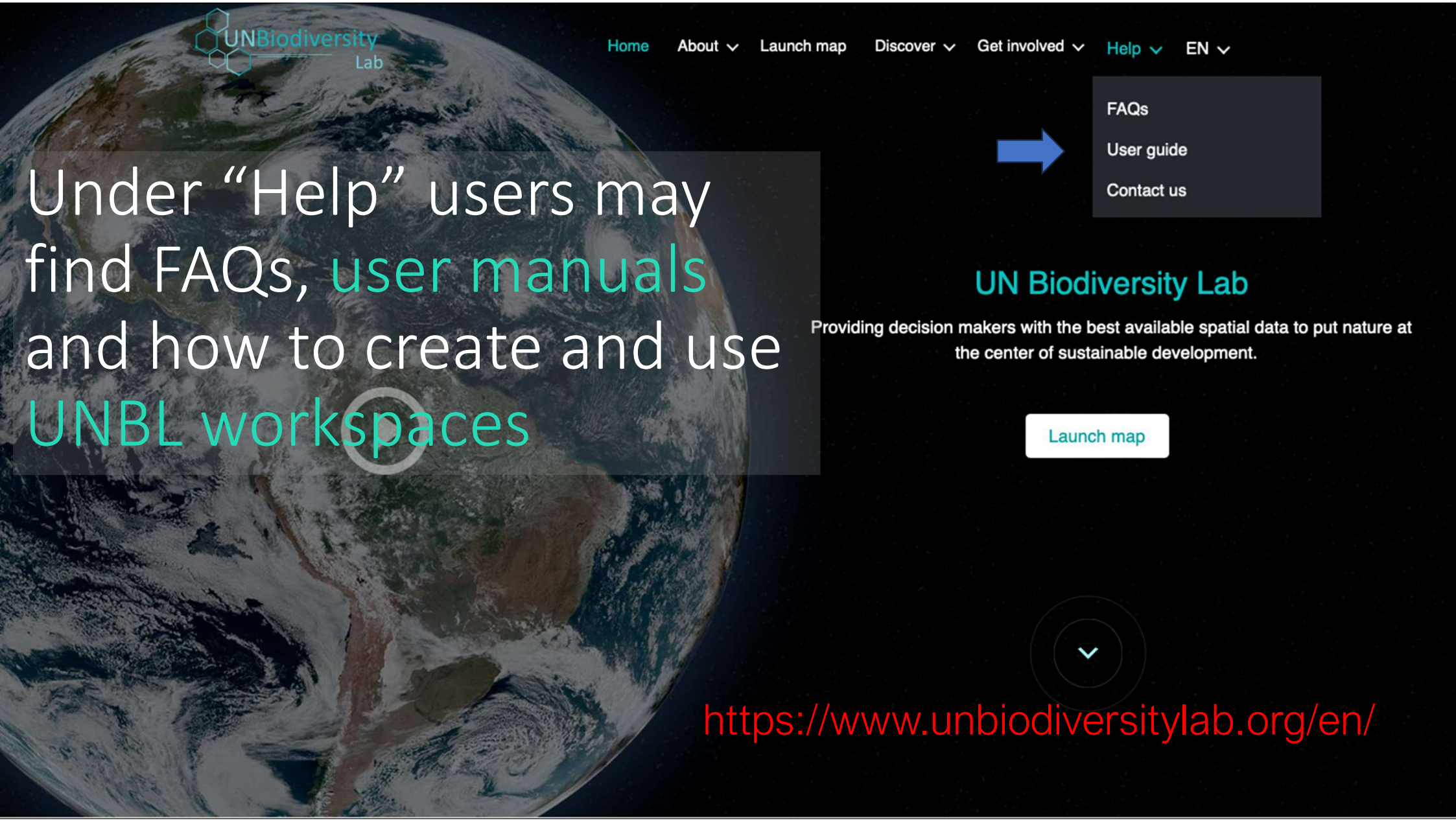
Nature for Life Hub: Mapping Nature for People and Planet in Uganda

Success Story

Nature for Life Hub: Mapping Nature for People and Planet in Peru

Success Story

Nature for Life Hub: Mapping Nature for People and Planet in Kazakhstan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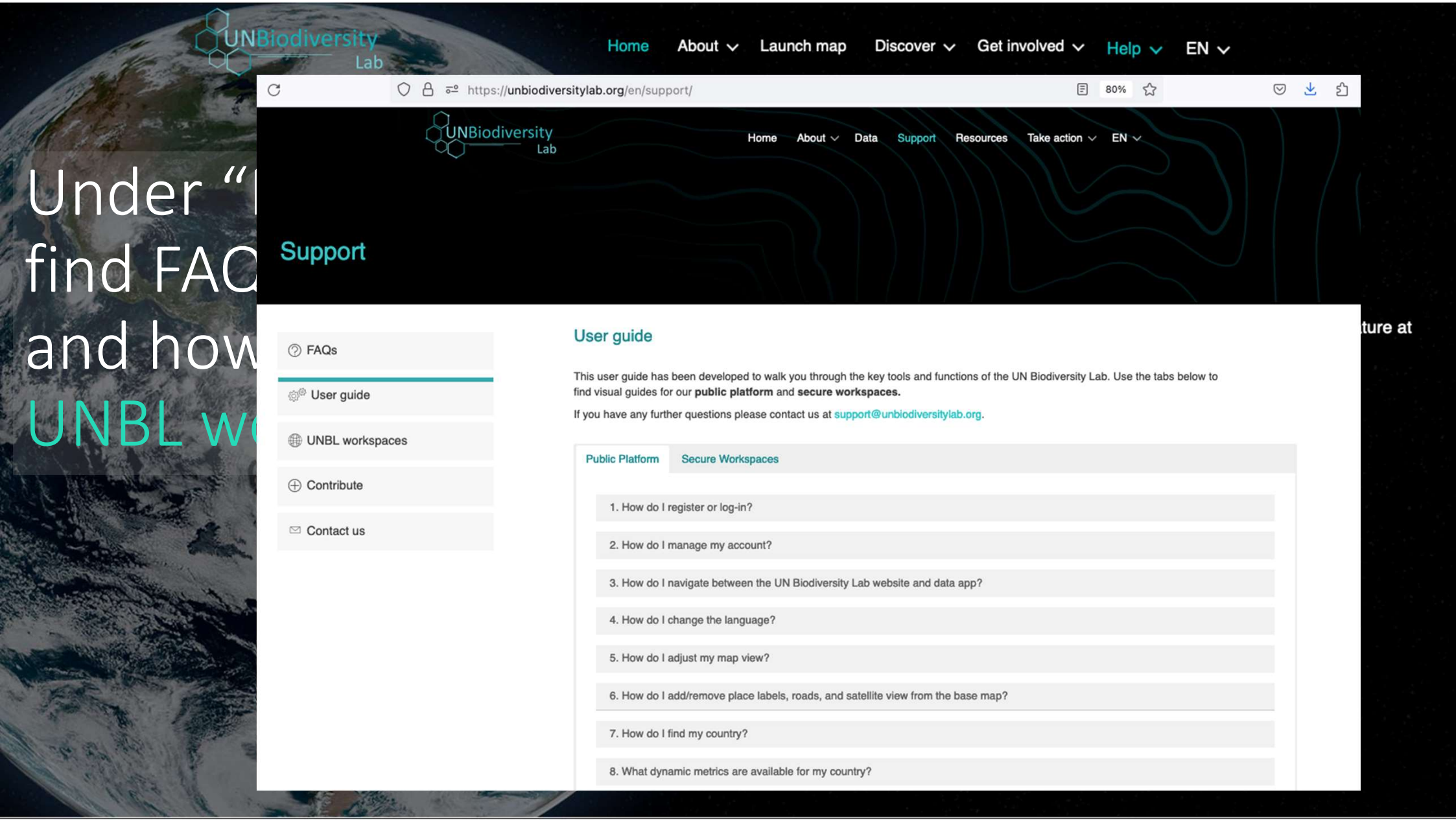

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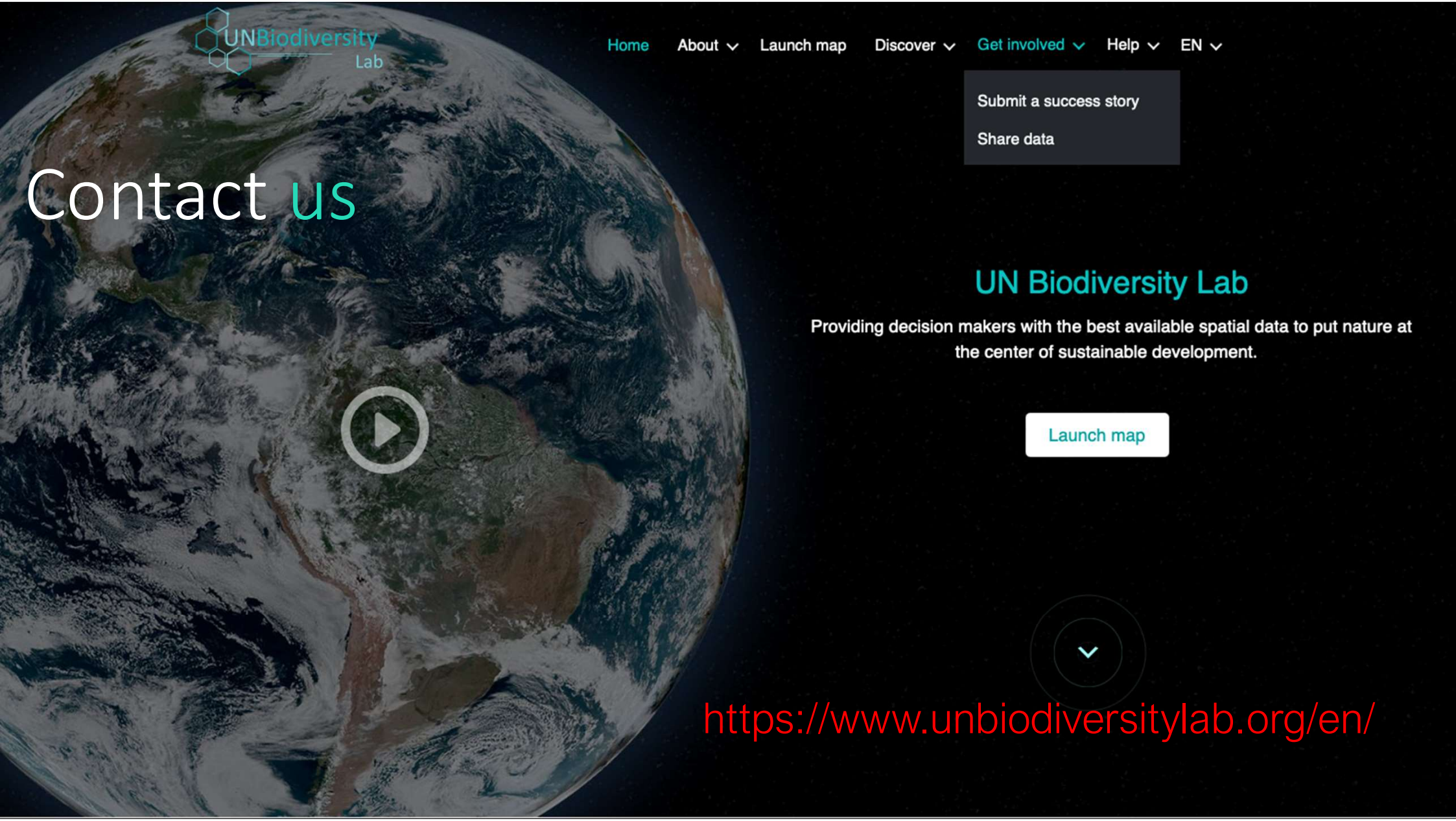
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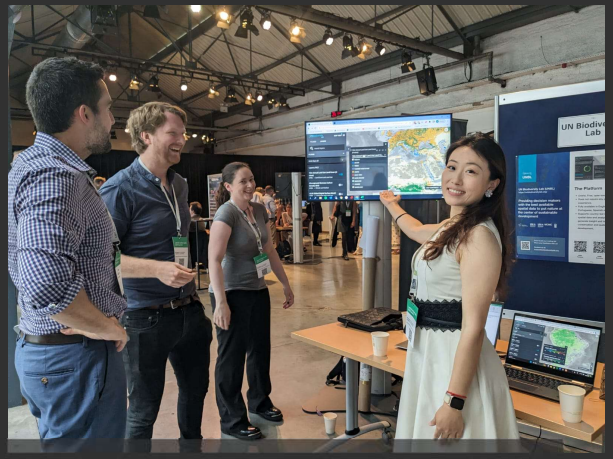
IMPACT

- 2,662+ registered users from 153 countries
- 204+ UNBL workspaces
- Users' questions: 250+ responses in 2023
- Selected to present in conferences and referenced in others

UNEA6, 26 Feb – 1 March 2024



Land and Carbon Lab Summit, Brussels, 27-29 June 2023

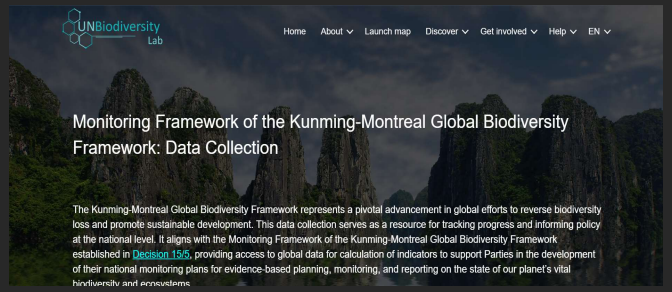
United Nations | SDG SUMMIT 2023

UN Digital Event (UN SDG Summit), New York, 17 Sep 2023

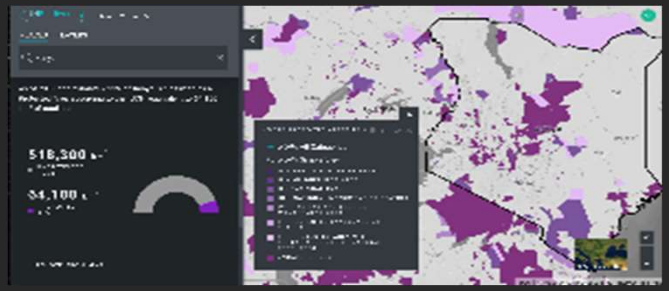
UNBL featuring in the Google Geo for Good Summit opening session, Mountain View (CA), 10-12 Oct 2023


UNBL DEMONSTRATION

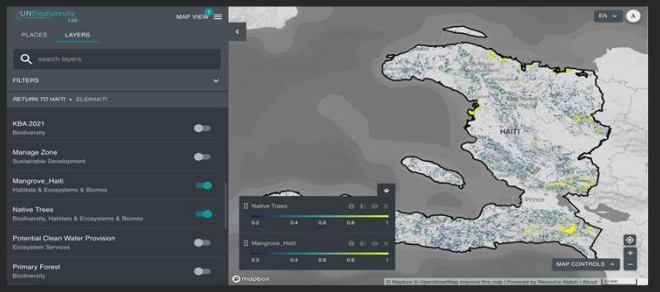
UNBL | KEY FEATURES & FUNCTIONALITIES



1. Access spatial data

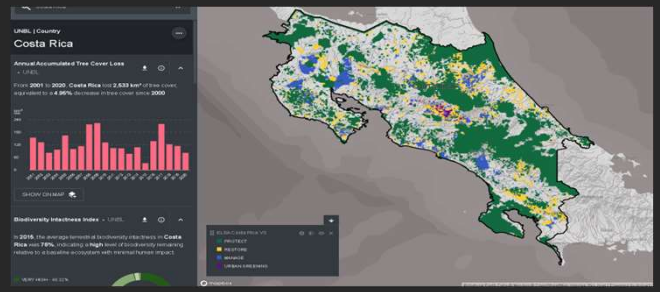


2. View & calculate the spatial metrics and *(forthcoming)* headline indicators

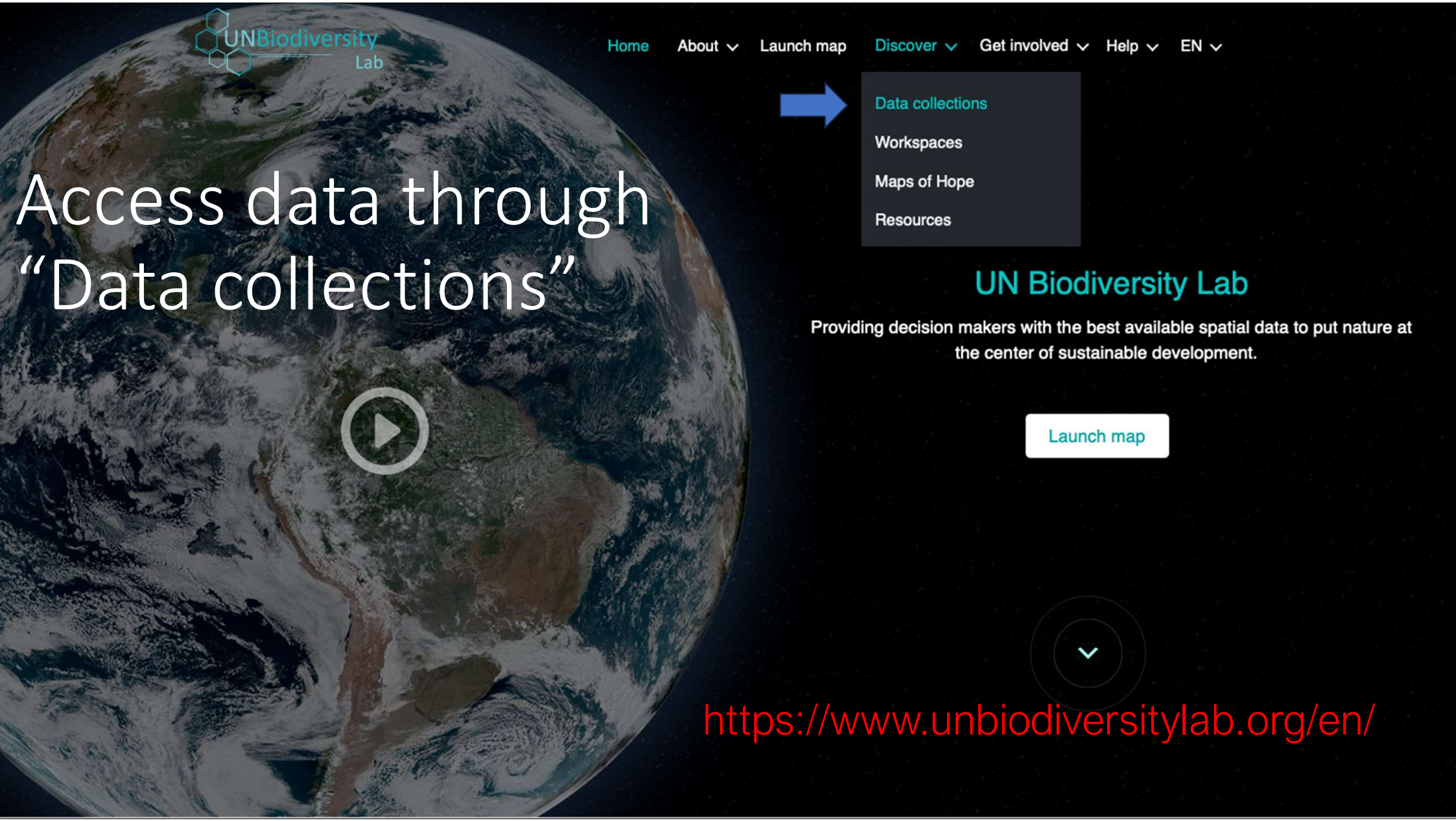


3. Create a UNBL workspace to support national monitoring systems

4. Create maps for national reports



5. Develop a prioritized spatial plan based using the ELSA Tool *(forthcoming)*



Access data through "Data collections"

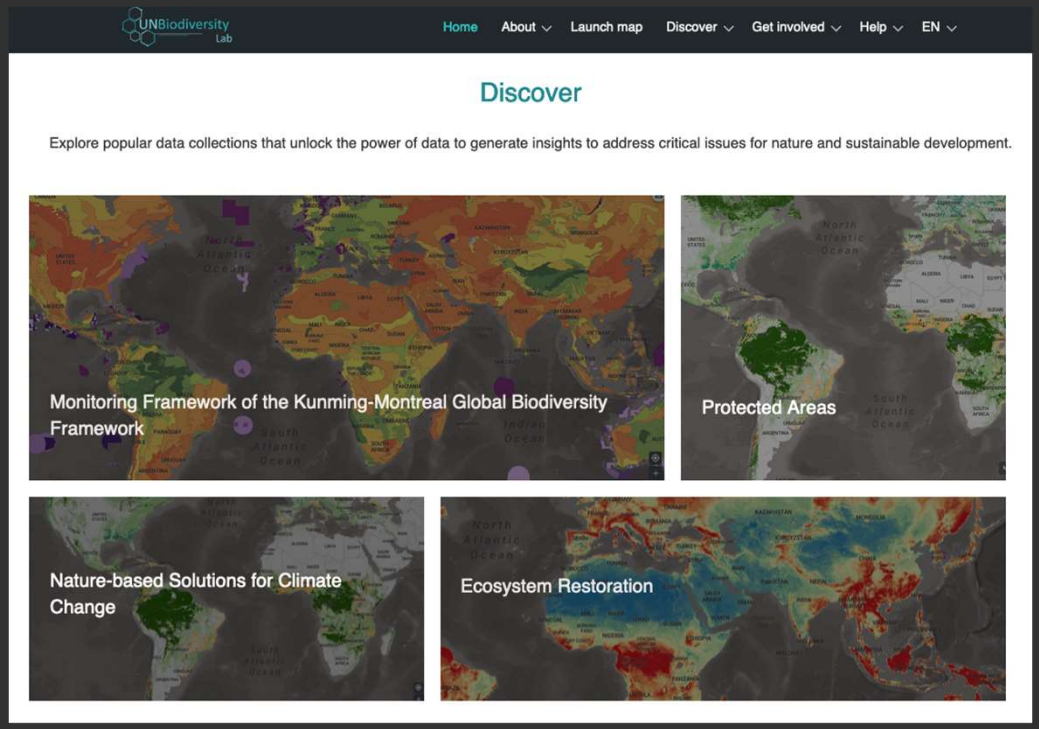
https://www.unbiodiversitylab.org/en/

UNBL DATA COLLECTIONS

- Protected areas
- Nature based solutions for climate change
- Ecosystem restoration

NEW DATA COLLECTION:

- Data to support the KM Global Biodiversity Framework



https://unbiodiversitylab.org/en/#collections

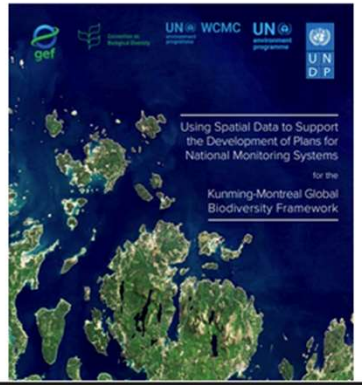
About this data collection

This collection of datasets is a curated list of global spatial datasets that can be used at national and global scales to calculate selected headline, component, and complementary indicators of the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework, in instances where indicators are based on spatial data, and subject to national needs and priorities for monitoring. The UNBL team has identified that 41% of headline indicators and 34% of component indicators have methodology encouraging the use of spatial data. The list includes indicators that are reported as statistics at the country level, but are also visualizable as maps (e.g., a world map representing different country-level values). All data included in this data collection are the global spatial data referenced in the indicator metadata (available on the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework Indicators website and in CBD/SBSTTA/26/INF/14) associated with the recommendation on the monitoring framework for the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework (CBD/SBSTTA/26/L.10) as of June 2024.

THE BIODIVERSITY PLAN
For Life on Earth

These global spatial reference datasets can be used in the following ways:

1. The datasets could act as a data standard that countries could use to evaluate their own national datasets against.
2. The datasets could be used to supplement the national datasets proposed for calculating the headline, component and complementary indicators of the monitoring framework subject to national needs and circumstances.
3. In circumstances where no national data exists for monitoring national actions and target implementation, these global reference data can be used to enable monitoring and supplement gaps in national data.



UNBL also offers workspaces to visualise, manage, and analyse national datasets alongside these global datasets. Over the period 2023-2025, UNBL will further develop functionalities to support users in directly calculating indicators for their countries, as well as streamline connections to other relevant tools for monitoring and reporting, including the DaRT, Target Tracker, and the CBD Online Reporting Tool.

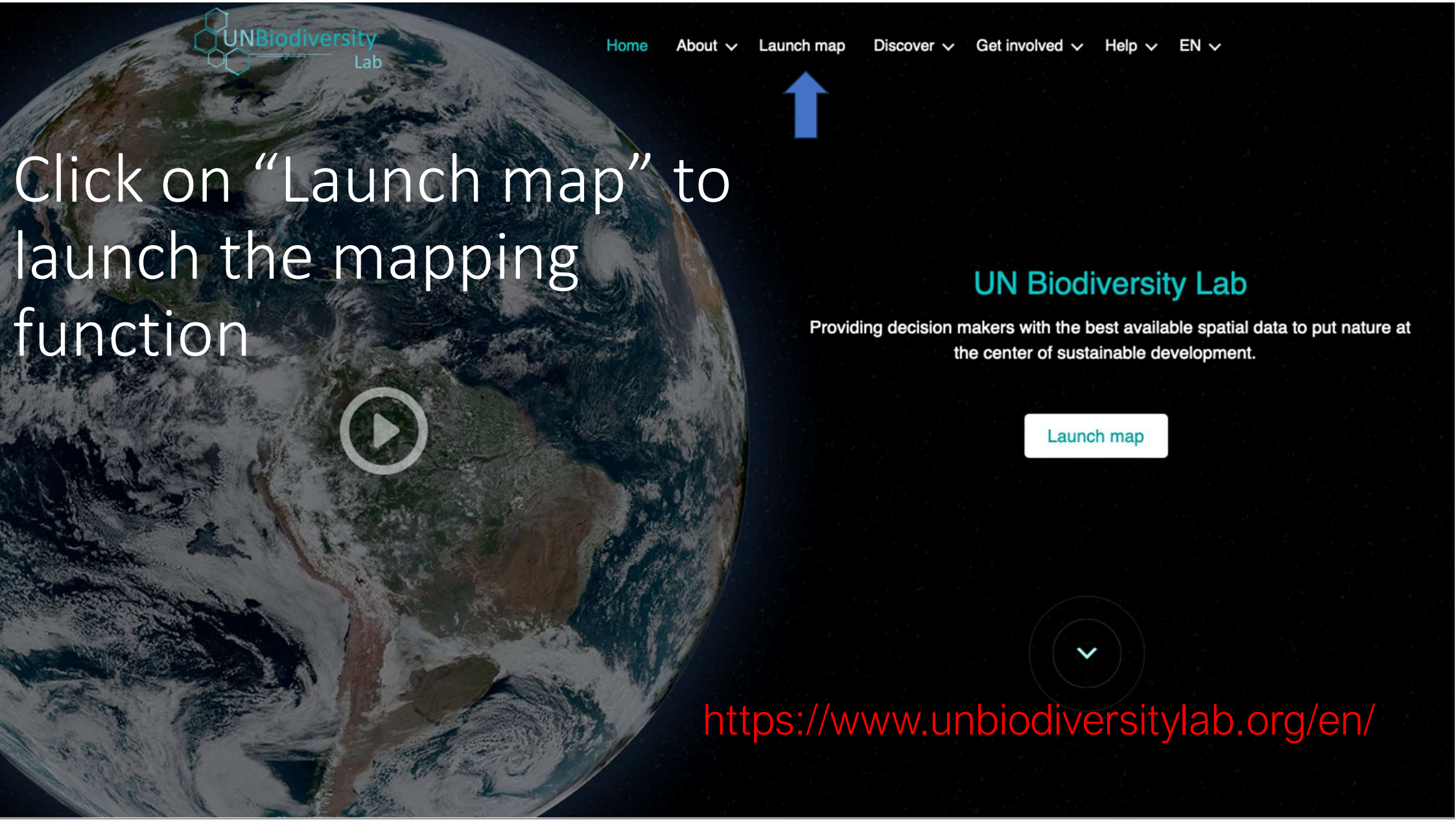
For further information on accessing these selected global data layers for national use, and using relevant UNBL data and tools, please see the technical guidance Using Spatial Data to Support the Development of Plans for National Monitoring Systems for the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework developed by the GEF-funded Global Biodiversity Framework Early Action Support Project.

Data to calculate indicators at the national level

Headline indicators | Component indicators | Complementary indicators

Headline indicators, as set out in Decision 15/5, are "a minimum set of high-level indicators, which capture the overall scope of the goals and targets of the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework to be used for planning and tracking progress. They are nationally, regionally and globally relevant indicators validated by Parties. These indicators can also be used for communication purposes." Here we present a comprehensive list of spatial data that can be used for calculation of headline indicators as set out in the indicator metadata associated with Decision 15/5, which is available on the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework Indicators website and in CBD/SBSTTA/26/INF/14.

- Goal A: Protect and Restore
- Goal B: Prosper with Nature
- Goal D: Invest and Collaborate
- Target 1: Plan and Manage all Areas To Reduce Biodiversity Loss
- Target 2: Restore 30% of all Degraded Ecosystems
- Target 3: Conserve 30% of Land, Waters and Seas
- Target 4: Halt Species Extinction, Protect Genetic Diversity, and Manage Human-Wildlife Conflicts
- Target 5: Ensure Sustainable, Safe and Legal Harvesting and Trade of Wild Species
- Target 7: Reduce Pollution to Levels That Are Not Harmful to Biodiversity
- Target 9: Manage Wild Species Sustainably To Benefit People
- Target 10: Enhance Biodiversity and Sustainability in Agriculture, Aquaculture, Fisheries, and Forestry
- Target 11: Restore, Maintain and Enhance Nature's Contributions to People.
- Target 12: Enhance Green Spaces and Urban Planning for Human Well-Being and Biodiversity
- Target 18: Reduce Harmful Incentives by at Least $500 Billion per Year, and Scale Up Positive Incentives for Biodiversity
- Target 19: Mobilize $200 Billion per Year for Biodiversity From all Sources, Including $30 Billion Through International Finance
- Target 21: Ensure That Knowledge Is Available and Accessible To Guide Biodiversity Action
- Target 22: Ensure Participation in Decision-Making and Access to Justice and Information Related to Biodiversity for all



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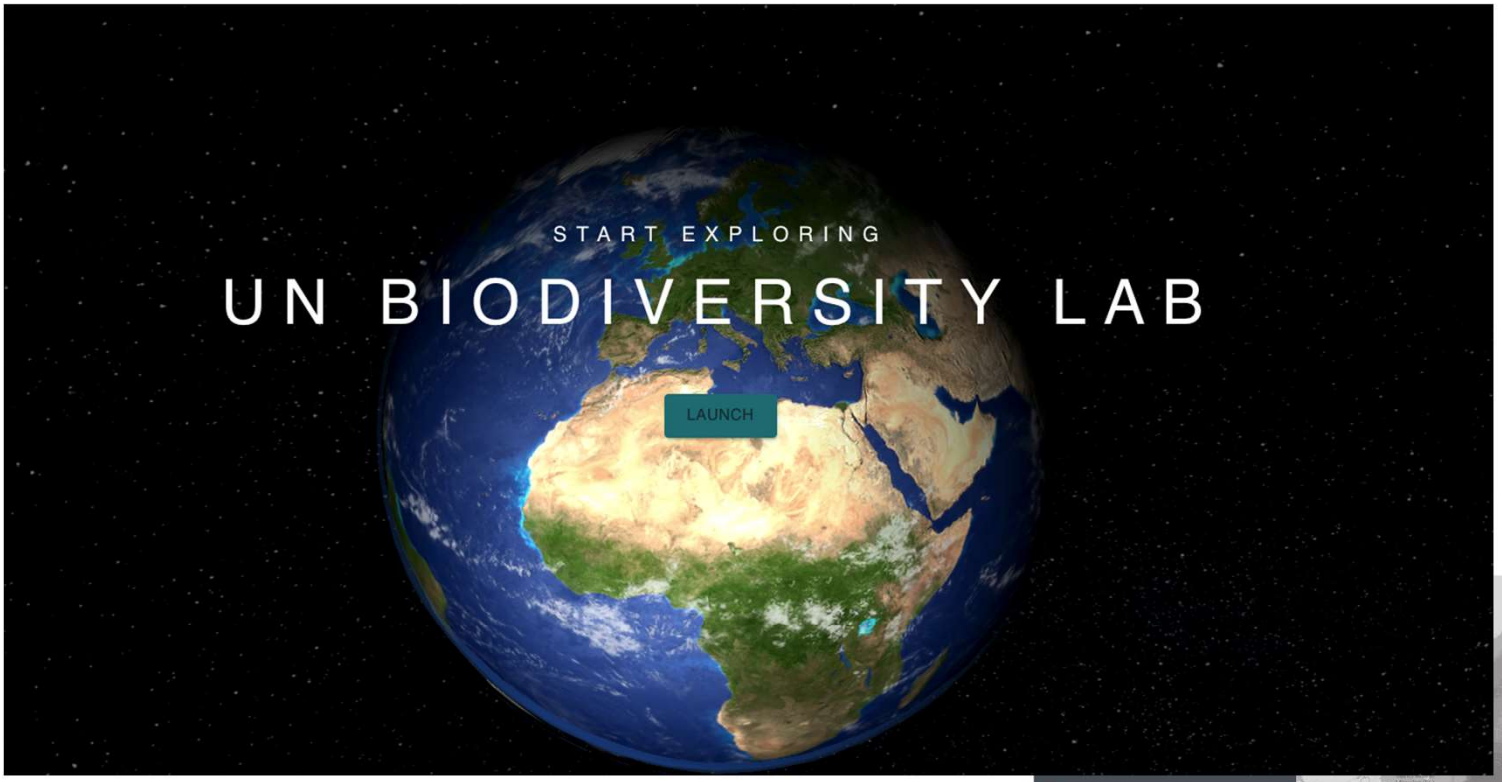
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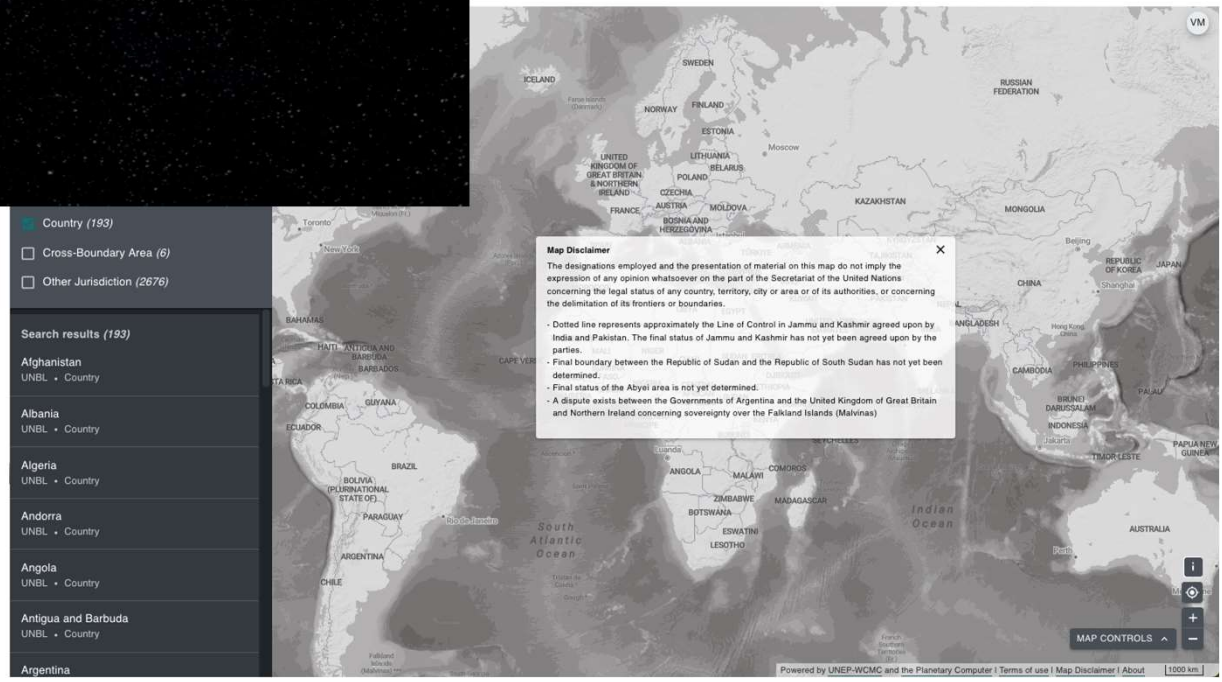
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- Final boundary between the Republic of Sudan and the Republic of South Sudan has not yet been determined.
- Final status of the Abyei area is not yet determined.
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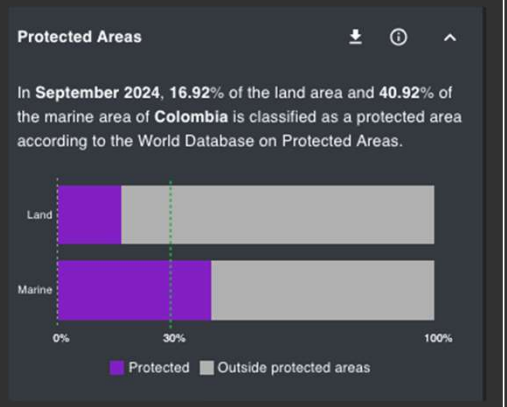
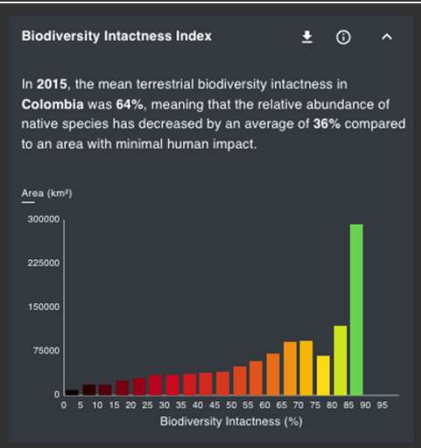
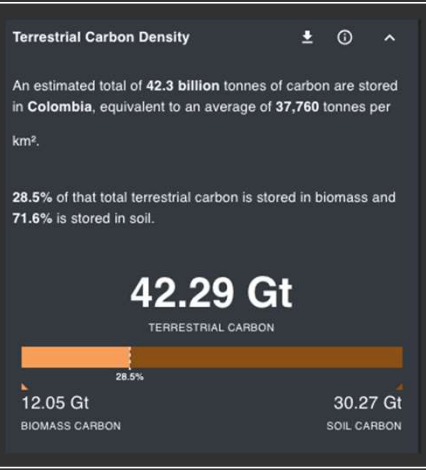
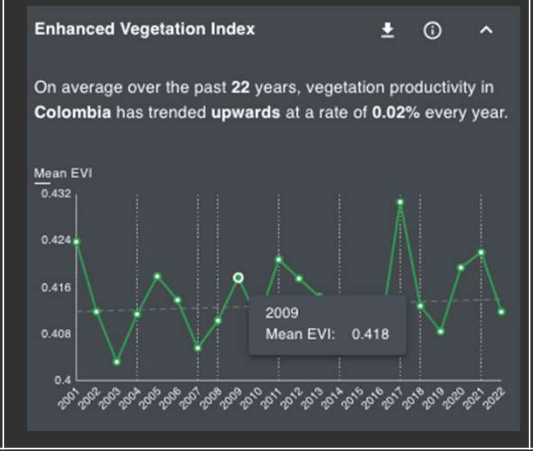
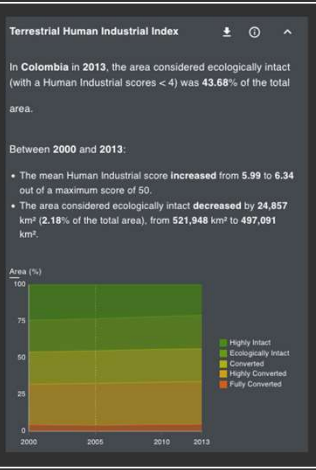
UNBL DYNAMIC METRICS | NOW LIVE ON UNBL









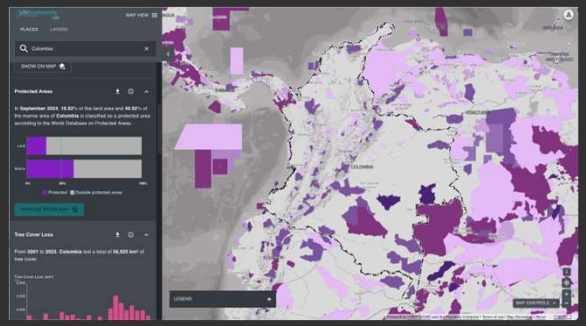


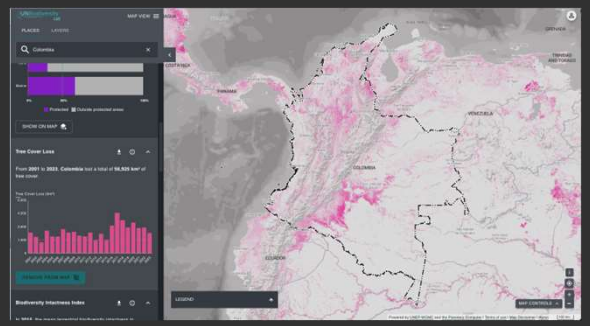
https://map.unbiodiversitylab.org/earth/

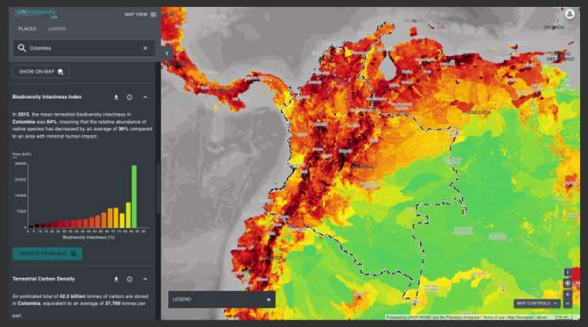
UNBL DYNAMIC METRICS | KEY INFORMATION

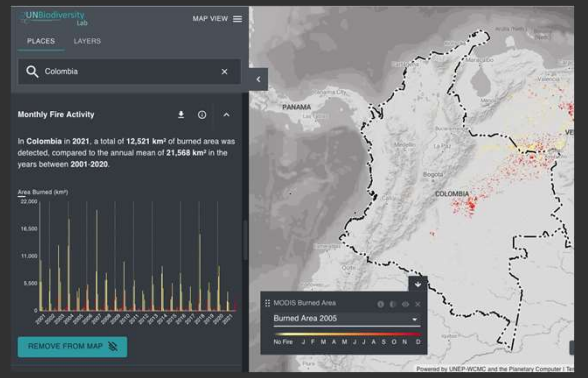
- Seven metrics: a robust approach using an open-source library, *exactextract*.
- One metric, Protected areas: fully aligned with the Protected Planet website, fetching results via API, updated monthly
- Detailed documentation in info boxes

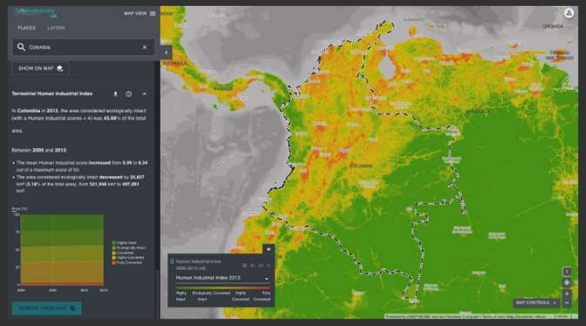
UNBL DYNAMIC METRICS | CALCULATIONS AND MAP VIEW



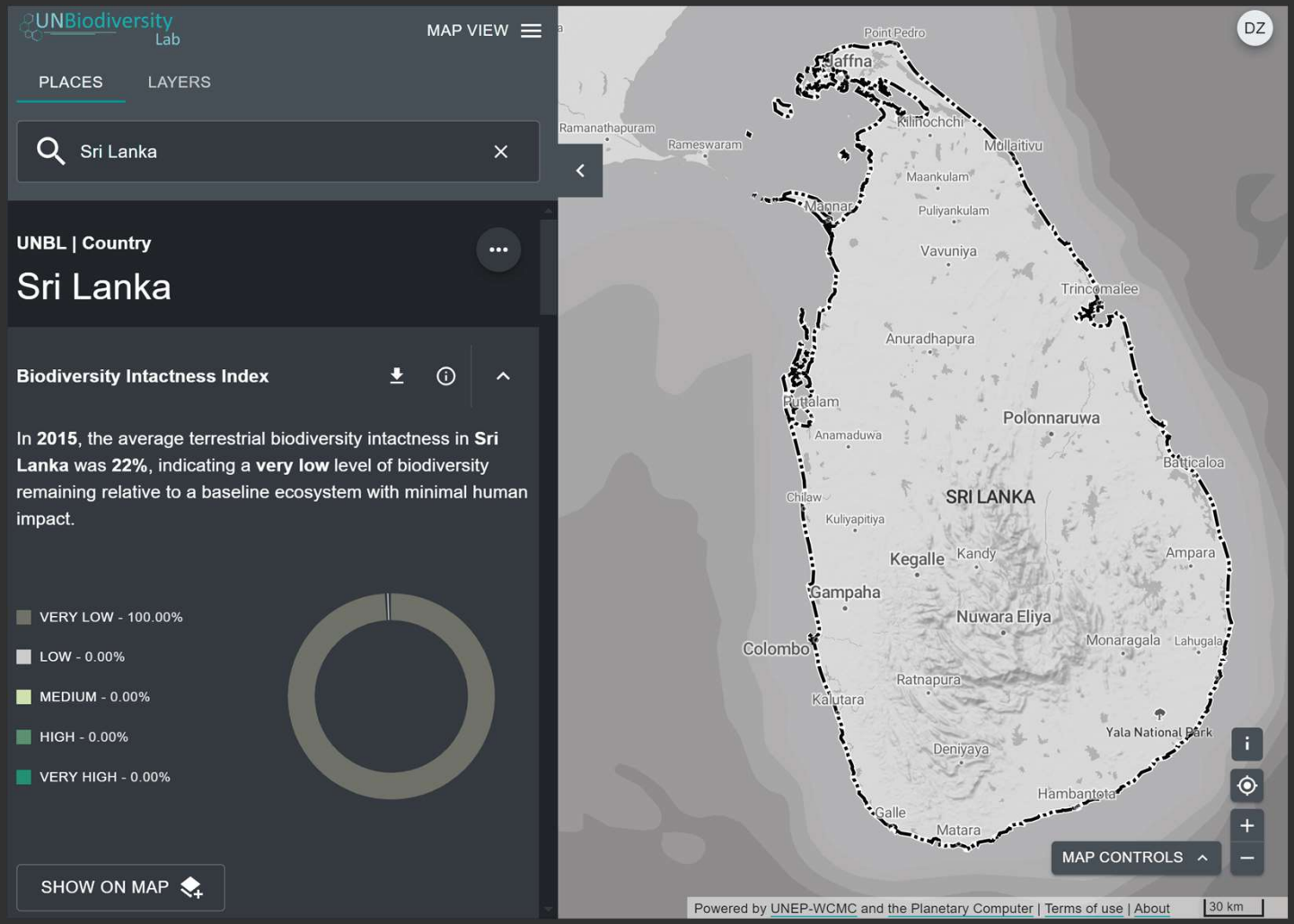




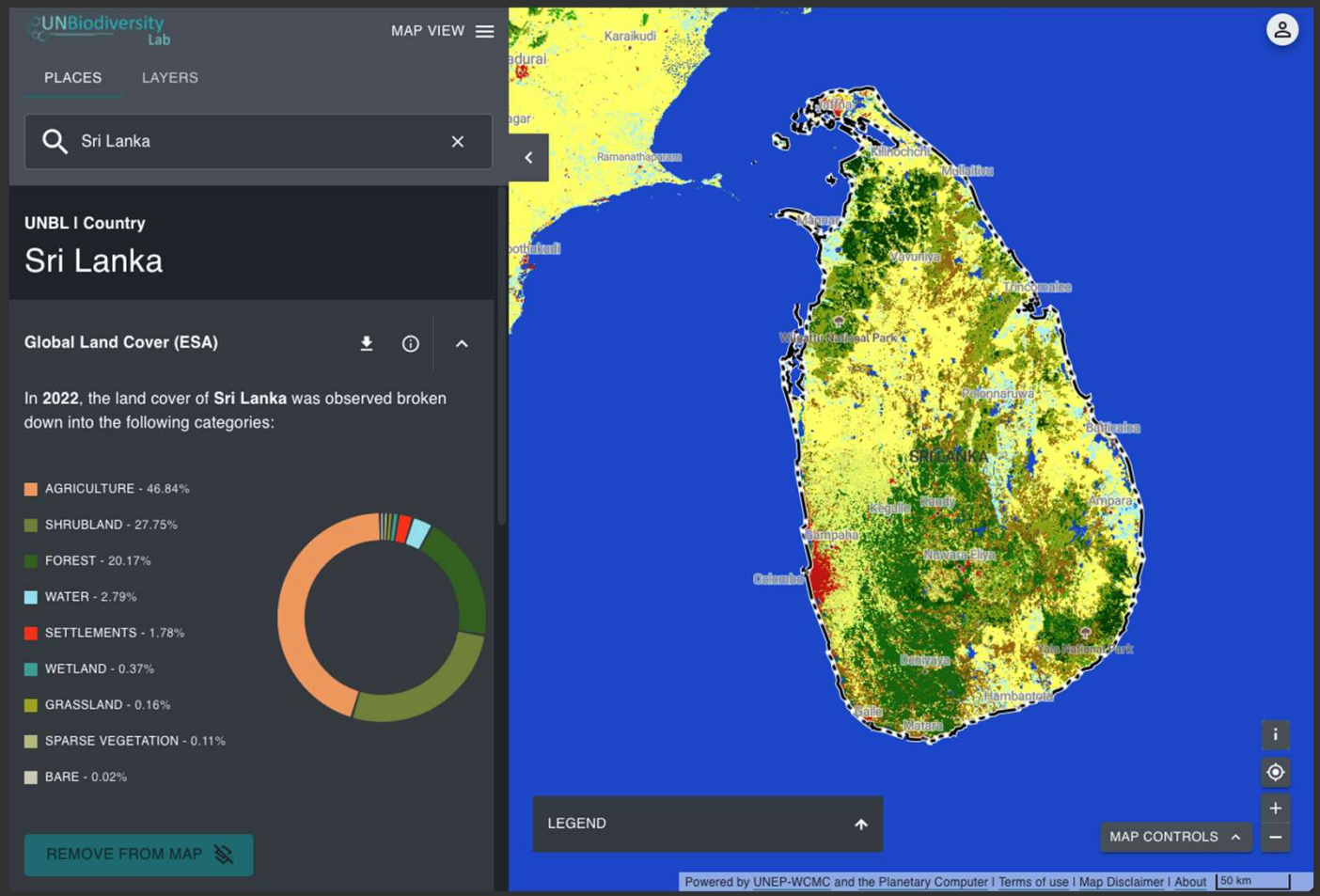




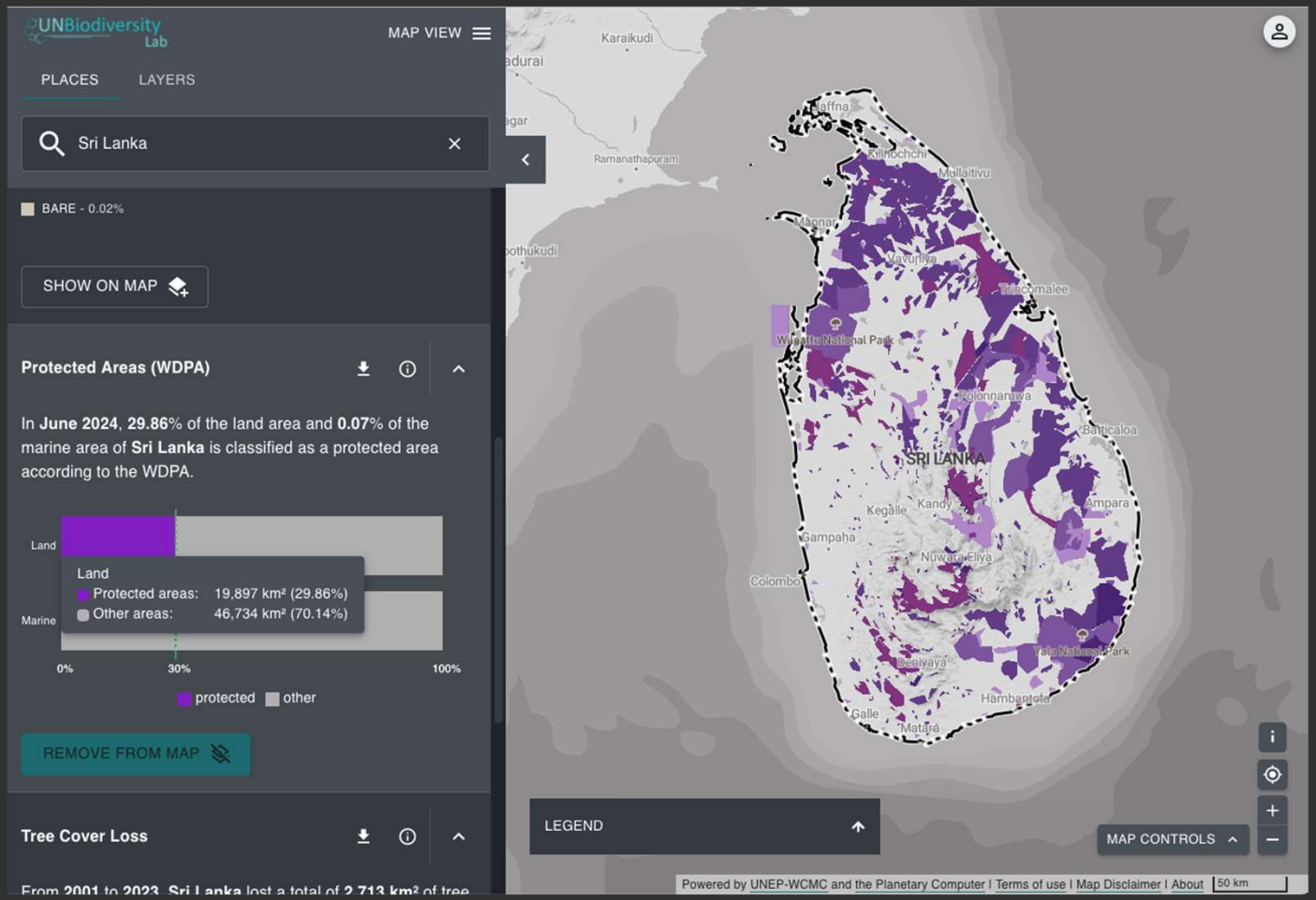
UNBL DYNAMIC METRICS | RUN THROUGH



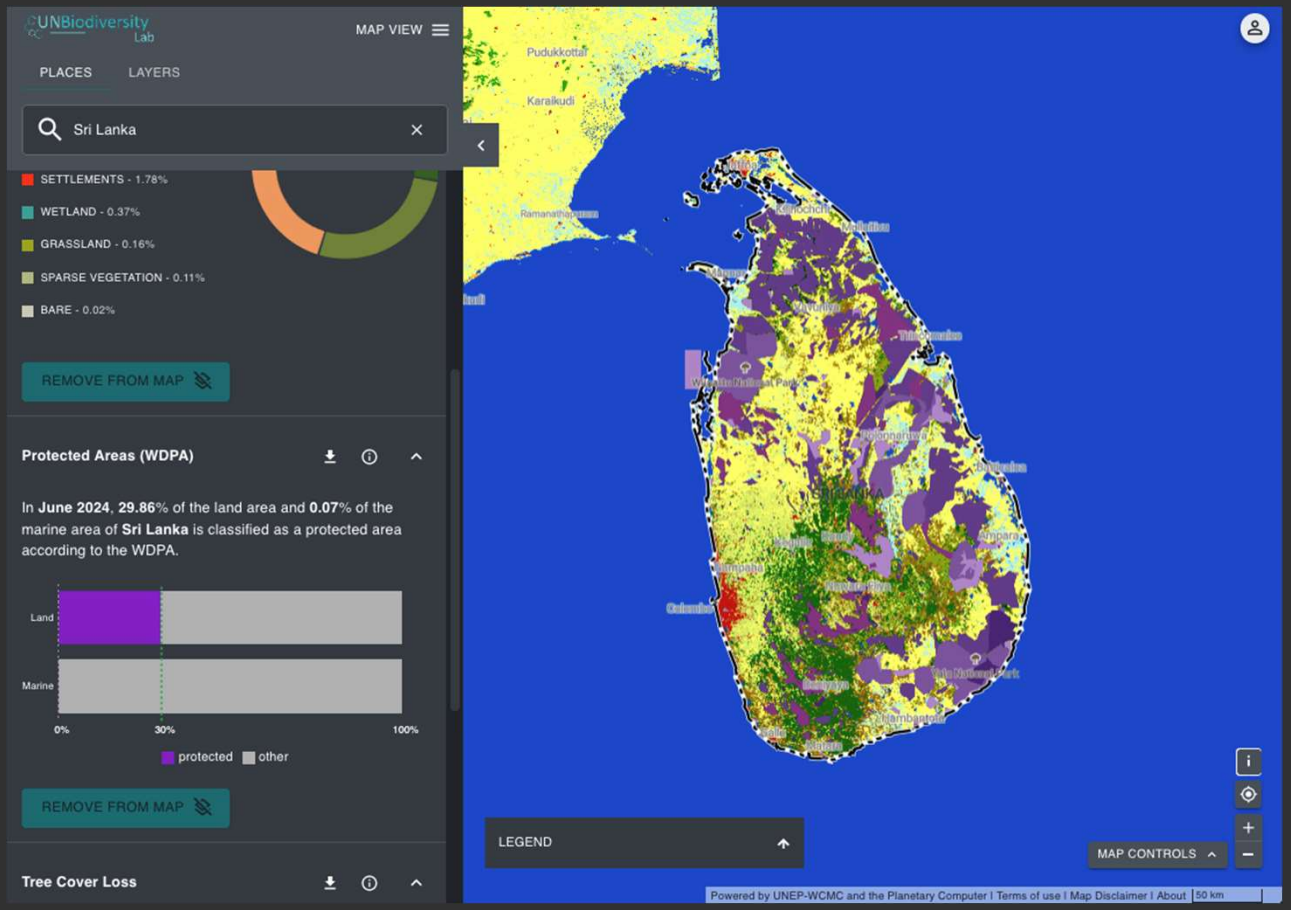
UNBL DYNAMIC METRICS | SHOW ON MAP



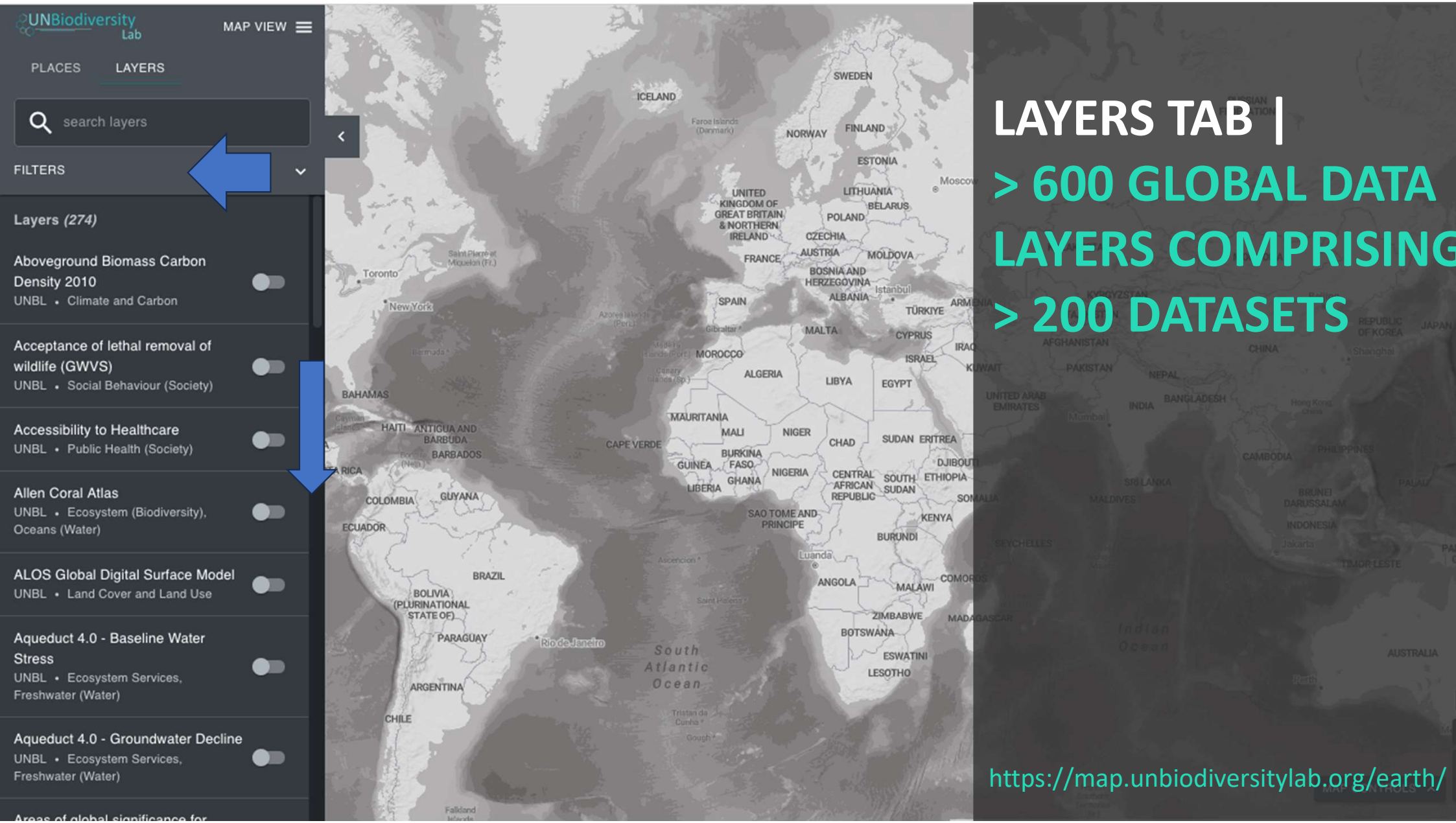
UNBL DYNAMIC METRICS | SHOW ON MAP

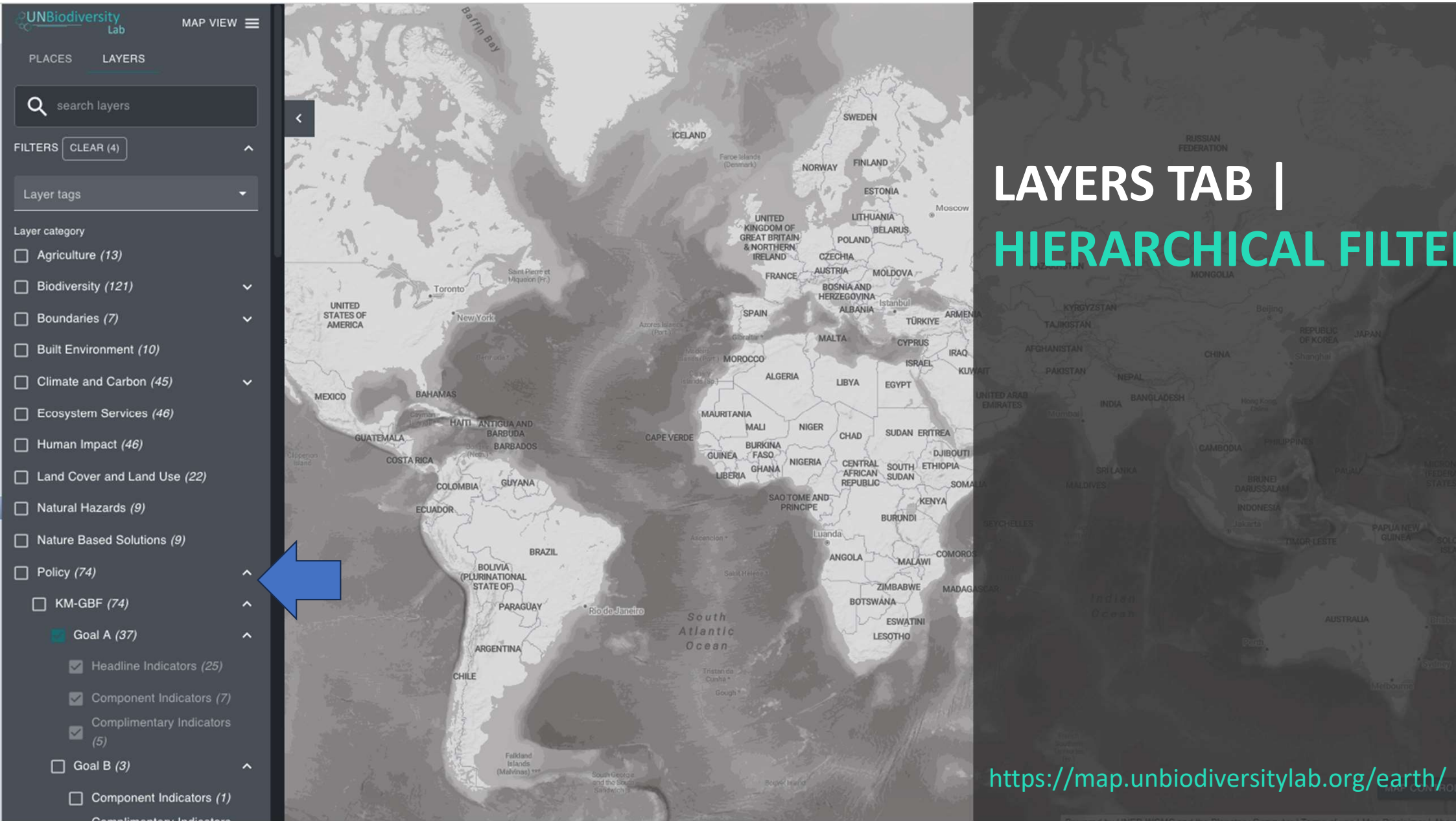


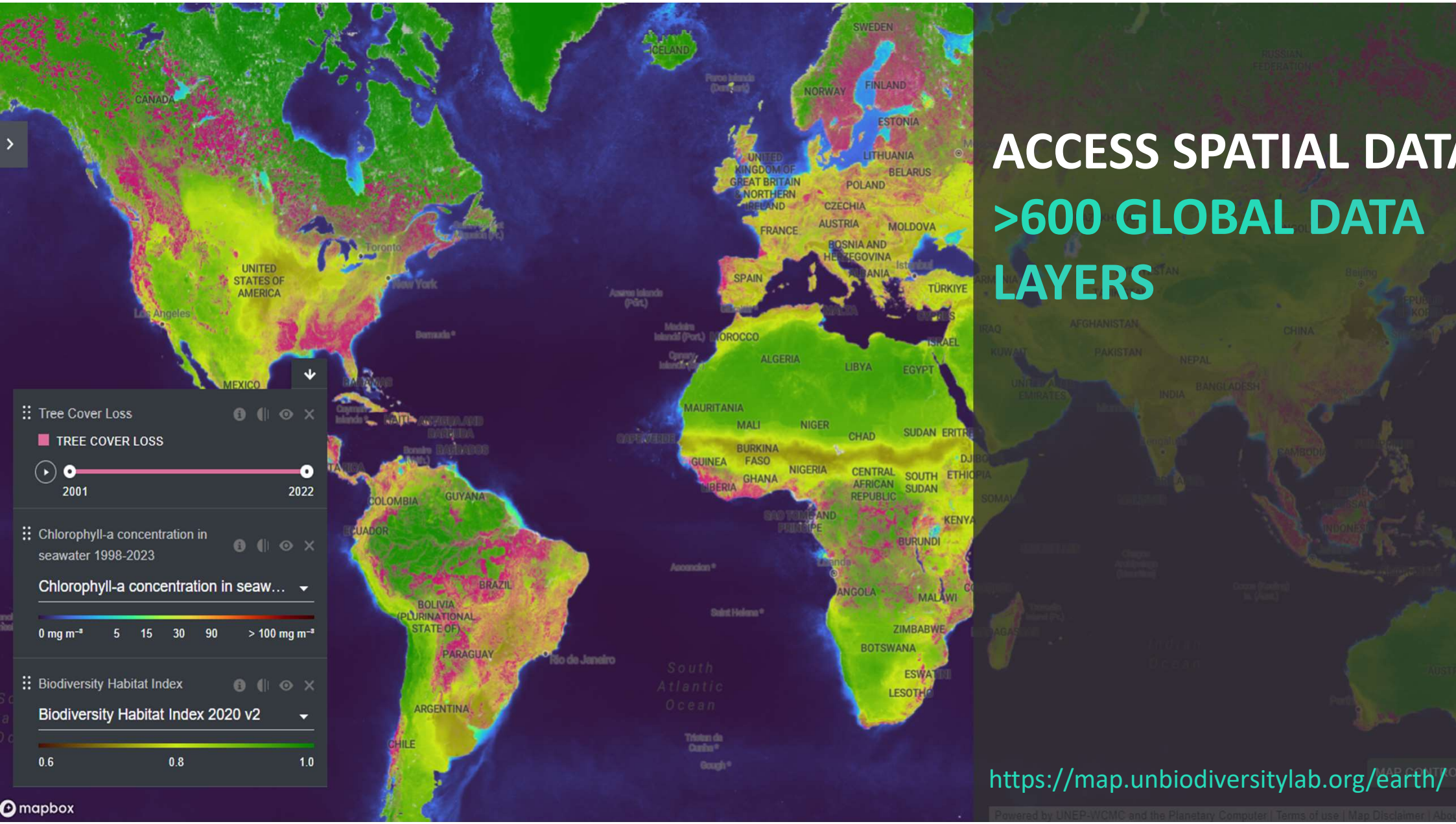
UNBL DYNAMIC METRICS | COMBINE DATASETS

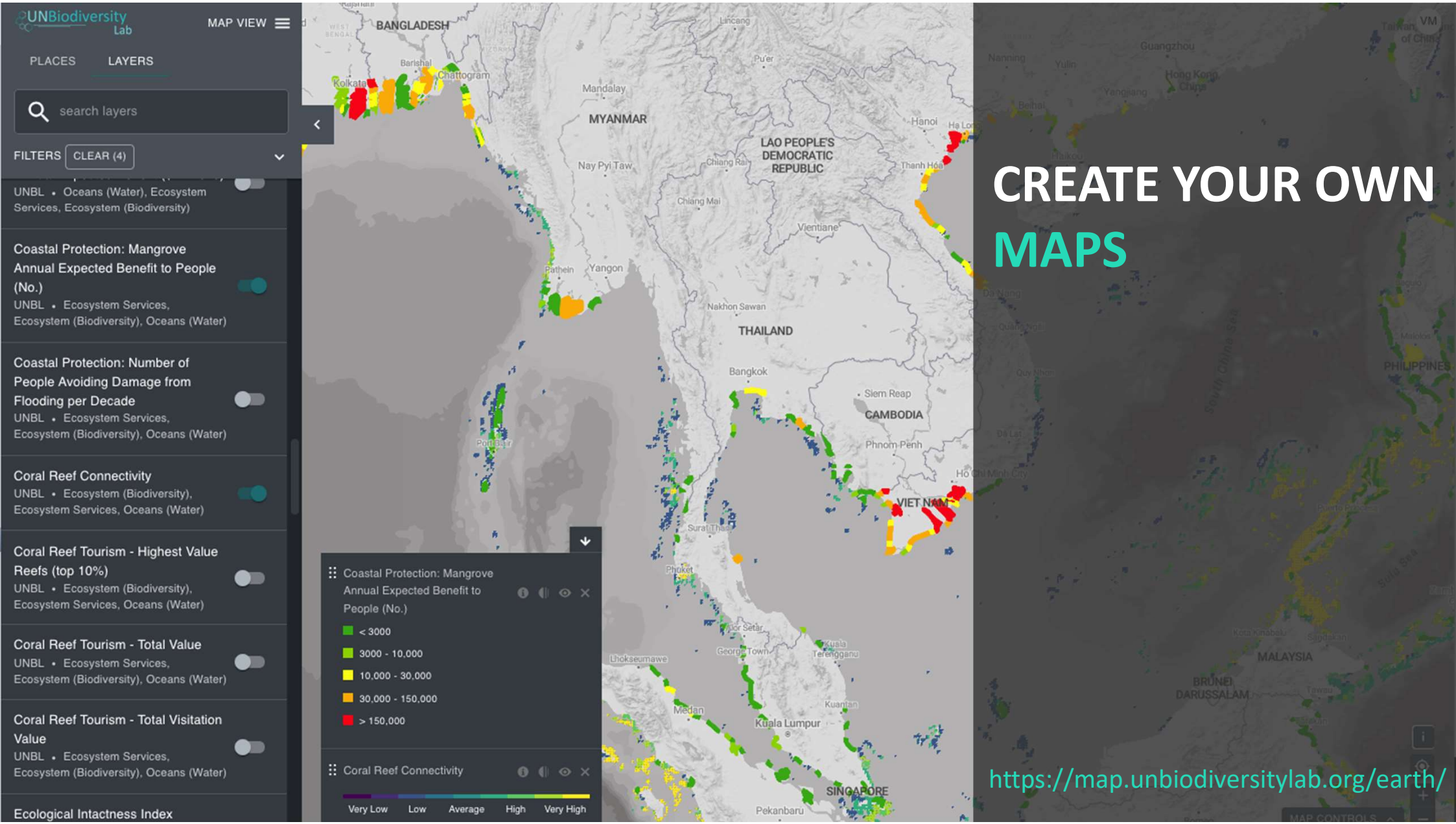


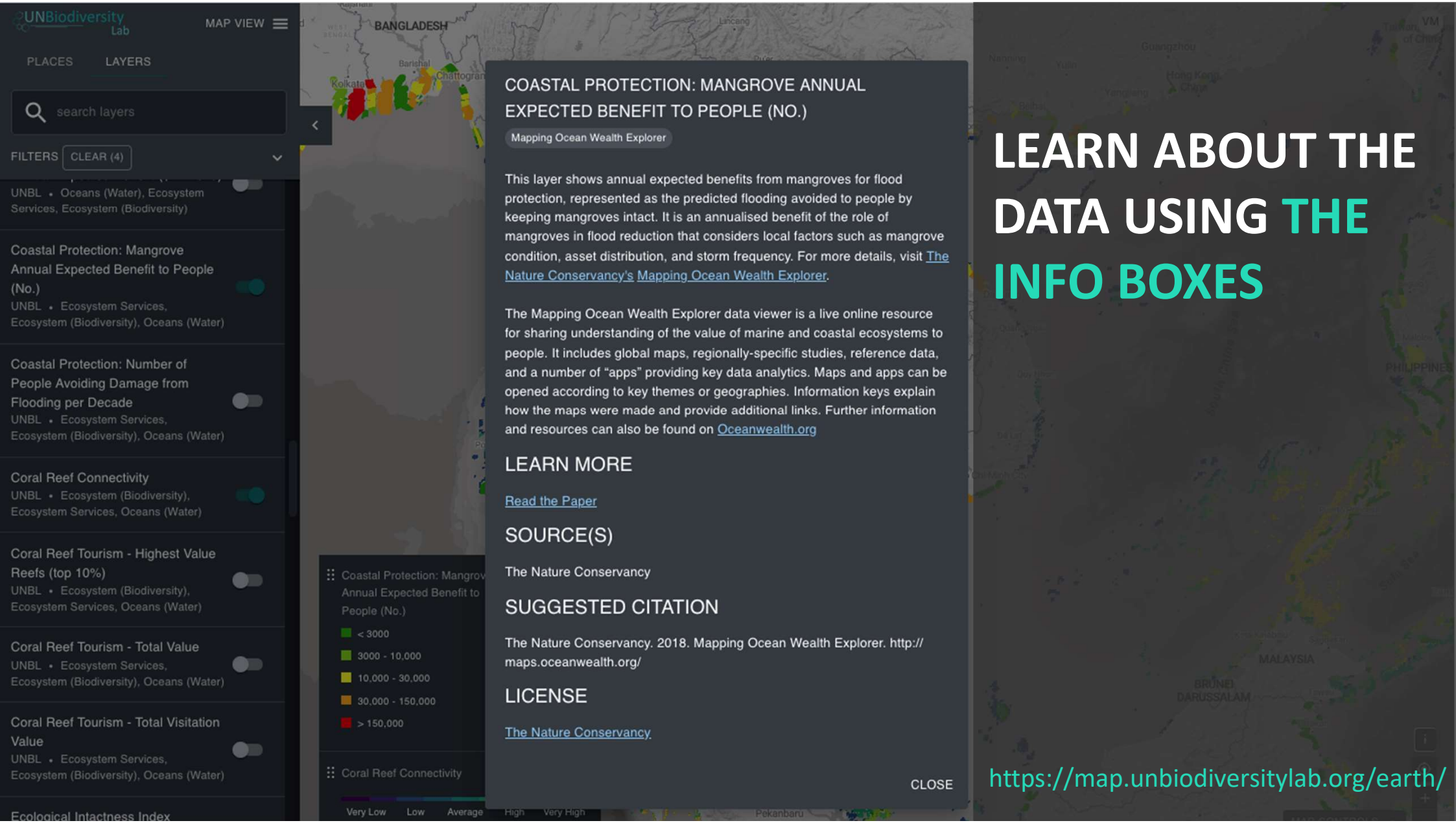

UNBiodiversity Lab
MAP VIEW
PLACES
LAYERS
search places
FILTERS
CLEAR (1)
Place type
Country (193)
Cross-Boundary Area (5)
Other Jurisdiction (2676)
Search results (193)
Afghanistan
Country
Albania
Country
Algeria
Country
Andorra
Country
Angola
Country
Antigua and Barbuda
Country
Argentina
Country
Armenia
Country
PLACES TAB |
SELECT ANY COUNTR
IN THE WORLD OR
OTHER AREAS
https://map.unbiodiversitylab.org/earth/


UNBiodiversity Lab
MAP VIEW
PLACES
LAYERS
search layers
FILTERS
Layers (274)
Aboveground Biomass Carbon Density 2010
UNBL • Climate and Carbon
Acceptance of lethal removal of wildlife (GWVS)
UNBL • Social Behaviour (Society)
Accessibility to Healthcare
UNBL • Public Health (Society)
Allen Coral Atlas
UNBL • Ecosystem (Biodiversity), Oceans (Water)
ALOS Global Digital Surface Model
UNBL • Land Cover and Land Use
Aqueduct 4.0 - Baseline Water Stress
UNBL • Ecosystem Services, Freshwater (Water)
Aqueduct 4.0 - Groundwater Decline
UNBL • Ecosystem Services, Freshwater (Water)
ICELAND
SWEDEN
NORWAY
FINLAND
ESTONIA
LITHUANIA
BELARUS
POLAND
UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN & NORTHERN IRELAND
CZECHIA
FRANCE
AUSTRIA
MOLDOVA
BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA
ALBANIA
SPAIN
TÜRKIYE
MALTA
CYPRUS
MOROCCO
ISRAEL
ALGERIA
LIBYA
EGYPT
MAURITANIA
MALI
NIGER
CHAD
SUDAN
ERITREA
CAPE VERDE
BURKINA FASO
GUINEA
NIGERIA
GHANA
LIBERIA
CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC
SOUTH SUDAN
ETHIOPIA
DJIBOUTI
SOMALIA
SAO TOME AND PRINCIPE
KENYA
BURUNDI
ANGOLA
MALAWI
COMOROS
ZIMBABWE
BOTSWANA
ESWATINI
LESOTHO
MADAGASCAR
BAHAMAS
HAITI
ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA
BARBADOS
COLOMBIA
GUYANA
ECUADOR
BRAZIL
BOLIVIA (PLURINATIONAL STATE OF)
PARAGUAY
ARGENTINA
CHILE
Rio de Janeiro
South Atlantic Ocean
Toronto
New York
Istanbul
Luanda
LAYERS TAB |
> 600 GLOBAL DATA LAYERS COMPRISING
> 200 DATASETS
https://map.unbiodiversitylab.org/earth/


UNBiodiversity Lab
MAP VIEW
PLACES
LAYERS
search layers
FILTERS
CLEAR (4)
Layer tags
Layer category
Agriculture (13)
Biodiversity (121)
Boundaries (7)
Built Environment (10)
Climate and Carbon (45)
Ecosystem Services (46)
Human Impact (46)
Land Cover and Land Use (22)
Natural Hazards (9)
Nature Based Solutions (9)
Policy (74)
KM-GBF (74)
Goal A (37)
Headline Indicators (25)
Component Indicators (7)
Complimentary Indicators (5)
Goal B (3)
Component Indicators (1)
LAYERS TAB |
HIERARCHICAL FILTE
https://map.unbiodiversitylab.org/earth/


Tree Cover Loss
TREE COVER LOSS
2001
2022
Chlorophyll-a concentration in seawater 1998-2023
Chlorophyll-a concentration in seaw…
0 mg m⁻³
5
15
30
90
> 100 mg m⁻³
Biodiversity Habitat Index
Biodiversity Habitat Index 2020 v2
0.6
0.8
1.0
mapbox
ACCESS SPATIAL DATA
>600 GLOBAL DATA LAYERS
https://map.unbiodiversitylab.org/earth/


UNBiodiversity Lab
MAP VIEW
PLACES
LAYERS
search layers
FILTERS
CLEAR (4)
UNBL • Oceans (Water), Ecosystem Services, Ecosystem (Biodiversity)
Coastal Protection: Mangrove Annual Expected Benefit to People (No.)
UNBL • Ecosystem Services, Ecosystem (Biodiversity), Oceans (Water)
Coastal Protection: Number of People Avoiding Damage from Flooding per Decade
UNBL • Ecosystem Services, Ecosystem (Biodiversity), Oceans (Water)
Coral Reef Connectivity
UNBL • Ecosystem (Biodiversity), Ecosystem Services, Oceans (Water)
Coral Reef Tourism - Highest Value Reefs (top 10%)
UNBL • Ecosystem (Biodiversity), Ecosystem Services, Oceans (Water)
Coral Reef Tourism - Total Value
UNBL • Ecosystem Services, Ecosystem (Biodiversity), Oceans (Water)
Coral Reef Tourism - Total Visitation Value
UNBL • Ecosystem Services, Ecosystem (Biodiversity), Oceans (Water)
Ecological Intactness Index
Coastal Protection: Mangrove Annual Expected Benefit to People (No.)
< 3000
3000 - 10,000
10,000 - 30,000
30,000 - 150,000
> 150,000
Coral Reef Connectivity
Very Low
Low
Average
High
Very High
BANGLADESH
MYANMAR
LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC
THAILAND
CAMBODIA
VIET NAM
SINGAPORE
MALAYSIA
BRUNEI DARUSSALAM
PHILIPPINES
Kolkata
Chattogram
Mandalay
Nay Pyi Taw
Yangon
Hanoi
Vientiane
Bangkok
Siem Reap
Phnom Penh
Kuala Lumpur
Pekanbaru
Medan
George Town
Phuket
CREATE YOUR OWN
MAPS
https://map.unbiodiversitylab.org/earth/


UNBiodiversity Lab
MAP VIEW
PLACES
LAYERS
search layers
FILTERS
CLEAR (4)
UNBL • Oceans (Water), Ecosystem Services, Ecosystem (Biodiversity)
Coastal Protection: Mangrove Annual Expected Benefit to People (No.)
UNBL • Ecosystem Services, Ecosystem (Biodiversity), Oceans (Water)
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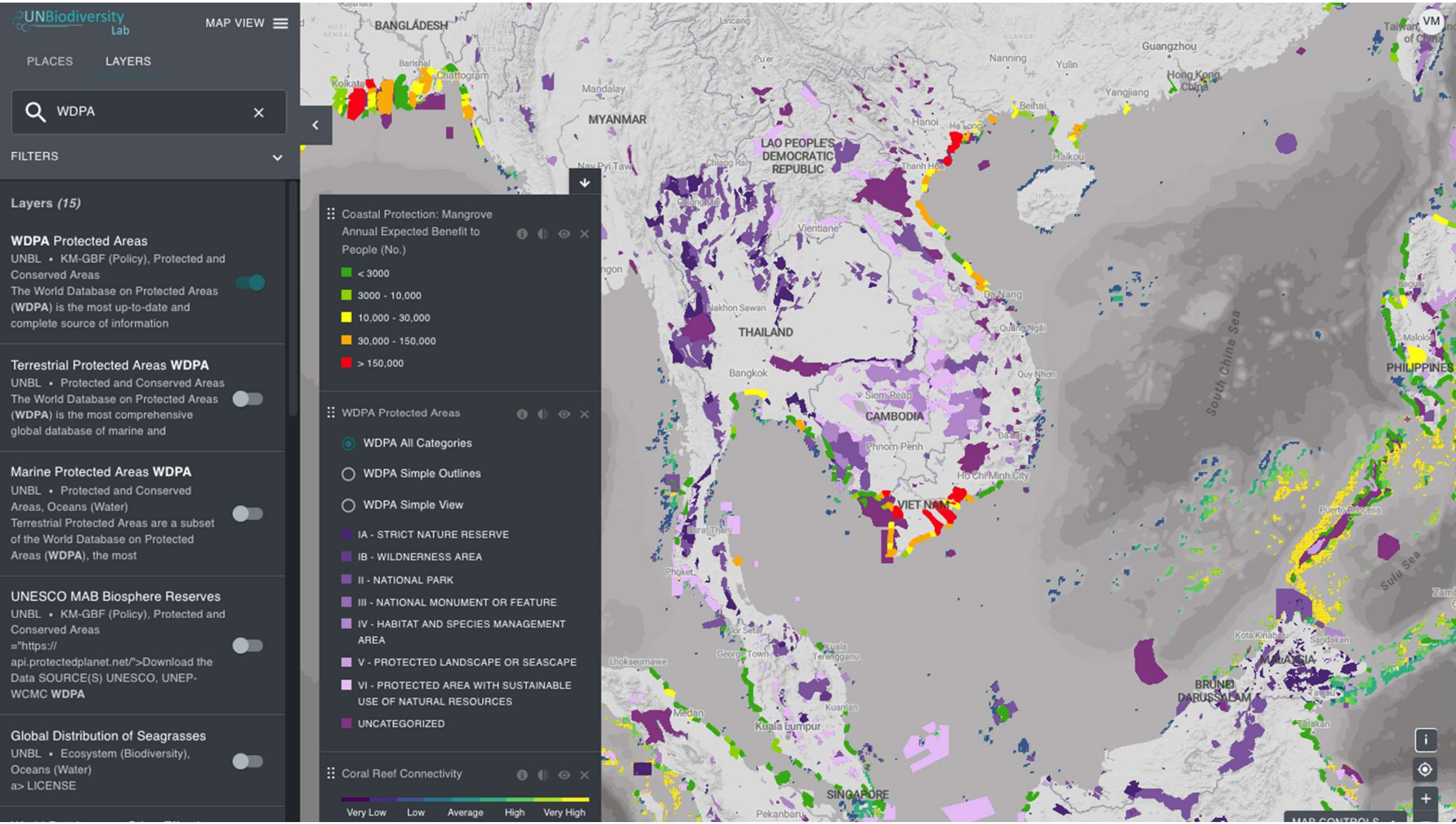
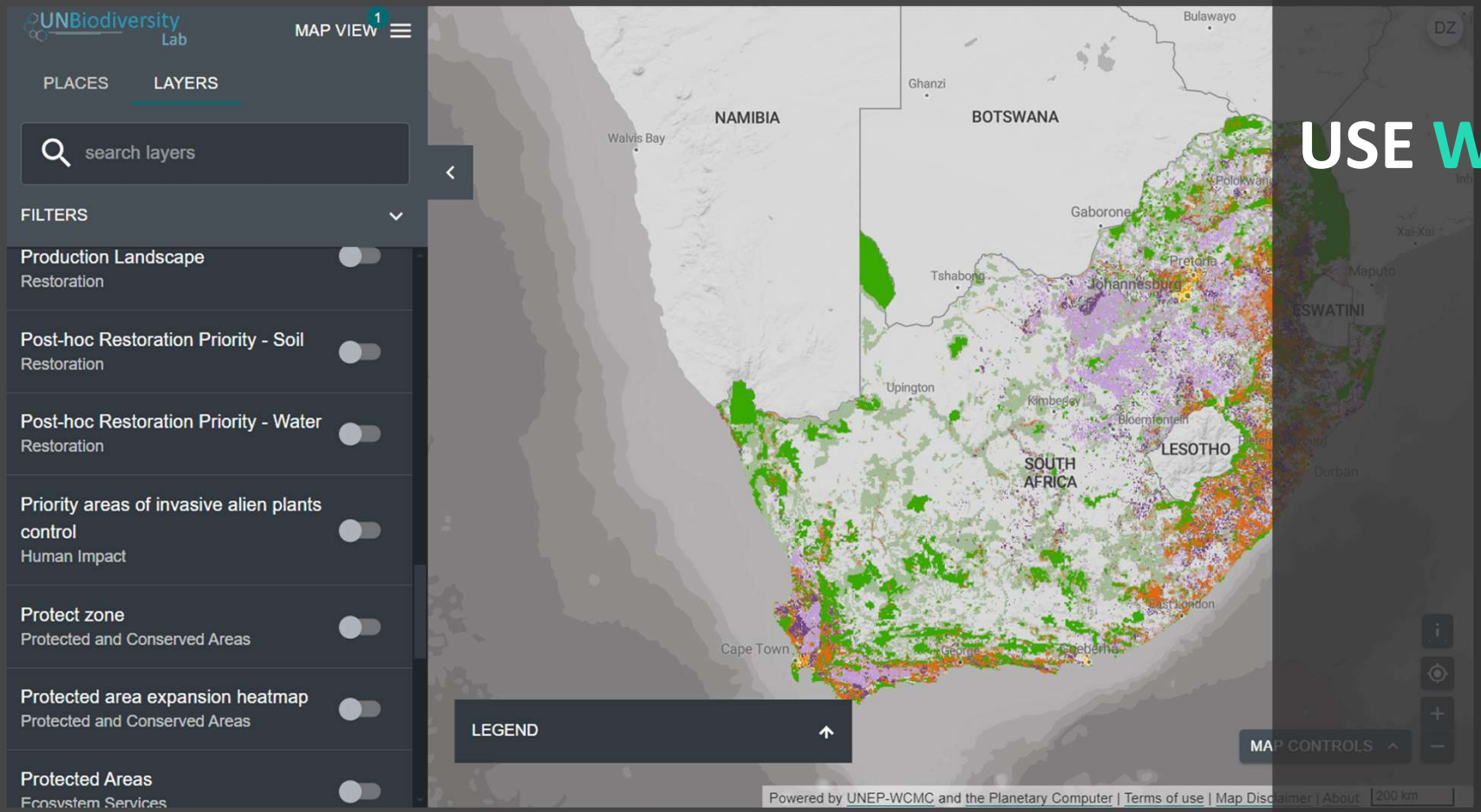
UNBL • Ecosystem Services, Ecosystem (Biodiversity), Oceans (Water)
Ecological Intactness Index
BANGLADESH
Kolkata
Barishal
Chattogram
Lincang
Coastal Protection: Mangrov
Annual Expected Benefit to
People (No.)
< 3000
3000 - 10,000
10,000 - 30,000
30,000 - 150,000
> 150,000
Coral Reef Connectivity
Very Low
Low
Average
High
Very High
Pekanbaru
COASTAL PROTECTION: MANGROVE ANNUAL EXPECTED BENEFIT TO PEOPLE (NO.)
Mapping Ocean Wealth Explorer
This layer shows annual expected benefits from mangroves for flood protection, represented as the predicted flooding avoided to people by keeping mangroves intact. It is an annualised benefit of the role of mangroves in flood reduction that considers local factors such as mangrove condition, asset distribution, and storm frequency. For more details, visit The Nature Conservancy's Mapping Ocean Wealth Explorer.
The Mapping Ocean Wealth Explorer data viewer is a live online resource for sharing understanding of the value of marine and coastal ecosystems to people. It includes global maps, regionally-specific studies, reference data, and a number of "apps" providing key data analytics. Maps and apps can be opened according to key themes or geographies. Information keys explain how the maps were made and provide additional links. Further information and resources can also be found on Oceanwealth.org
LEARN MORE
Read the Paper
SOURCE(S)
The Nature Conservancy
SUGGESTED CITATION
The Nature Conservancy. 2018. Mapping Ocean Wealth Explorer. http://maps.oceanwealth.org/
LICENSE
The Nature Conservancy
CLOSE
LEARN ABOUT THE DATA USING THE INFO BOXES
https://map.unbiodiversitylab.org/earth/


UNBiodiversity Lab
MAP VIEW
PLACES
LAYERS
WDPA
FILTERS
Layers (15)
WDPA Protected Areas
UNBL • KM-GBF (Policy), Protected and Conserved Areas
The World Database on Protected Areas (WDPA) is the most up-to-date and complete source of information
Terrestrial Protected Areas WDPA
UNBL • Protected and Conserved Areas
The World Database on Protected Areas (WDPA) is the most comprehensive global database of marine and
Marine Protected Areas WDPA
UNBL • Protected and Conserved Areas, Oceans (Water)
Terrestrial Protected Areas are a subset of the World Database on Protected Areas (WDPA), the most
UNESCO MAB Biosphere Reserves
UNBL • KM-GBF (Policy), Protected and Conserved Areas
="https://api.protectedplanet.net/">Download the Data SOURCE(S) UNESCO, UNEP-WCMC WDPA
Global Distribution of Seagrasses
UNBL • Ecosystem (Biodiversity), Oceans (Water)
a> LICENSE
Coastal Protection: Mangrove Annual Expected Benefit to People (No.)
< 3000
3000 - 10,000
10,000 - 30,000
30,000 - 150,000
> 150,000
WDPA Protected Areas
WDPA All Categories
WDPA Simple Outlines
WDPA Simple View
IA - STRICT NATURE RESERVE
IB - WILDNERNESS AREA
II - NATIONAL PARK
III - NATIONAL MONUMENT OR FEATURE
IV - HABITAT AND SPECIES MANAGEMENT AREA
V - PROTECTED LANDSCAPE OR SEASCAPE
VI - PROTECTED AREA WITH SUSTAINABLE USE OF NATURAL RESOURCES
UNCATEGORIZED
Coral Reef Connectivity
Very Low
Low
Average
High
Very High
BANGLADESH
MYANMAR
LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC
THAILAND
CAMBODIA
VIET NAM
PHILIPPINES
BRUNEI DARUSSALAM
SINGAPORE
South China Sea
Sulu Sea
Kolkata
Chattogram
Mandalay
Hanoi
Vientiane
Bangkok
Phnom Penh
Ho Chi Minh City
Guangzhou
Nanning
Hong Kong
Kuala Lumpur
Medan
Pekanbaru
VM

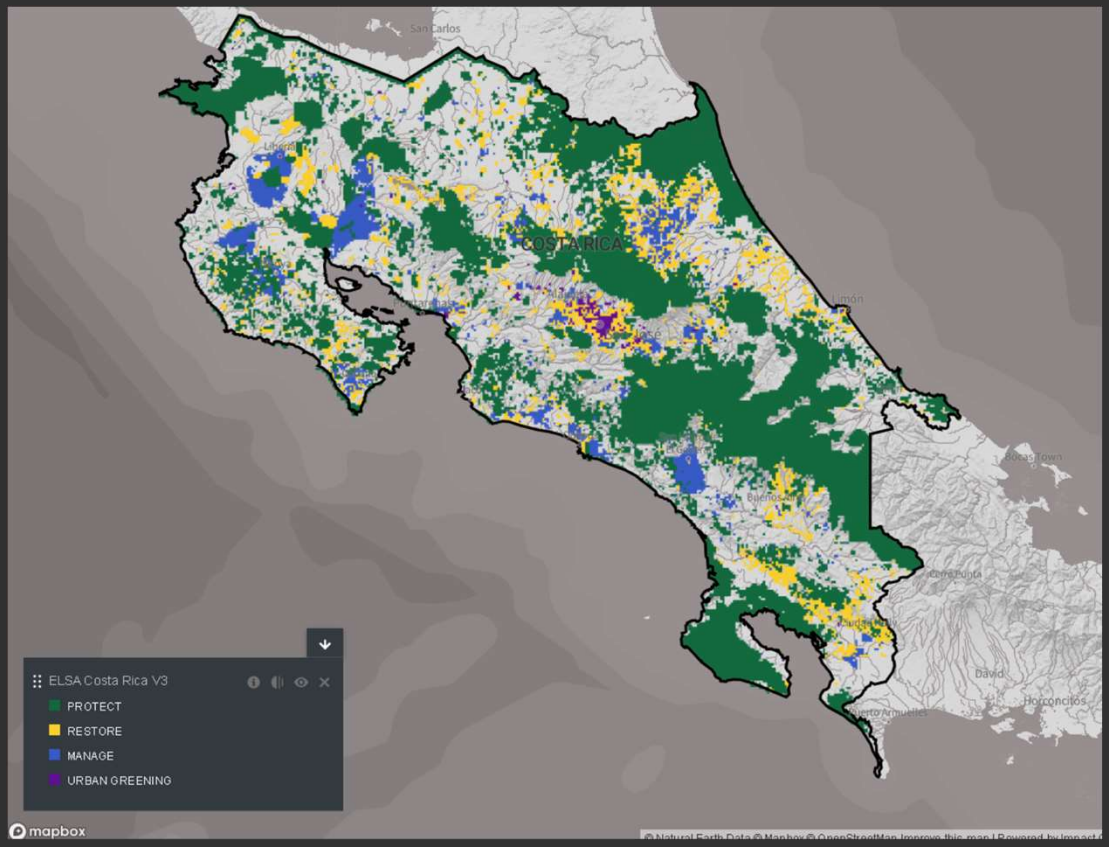


USE WORKSPACES

https://map.unbiodiversitylab.org/earth/

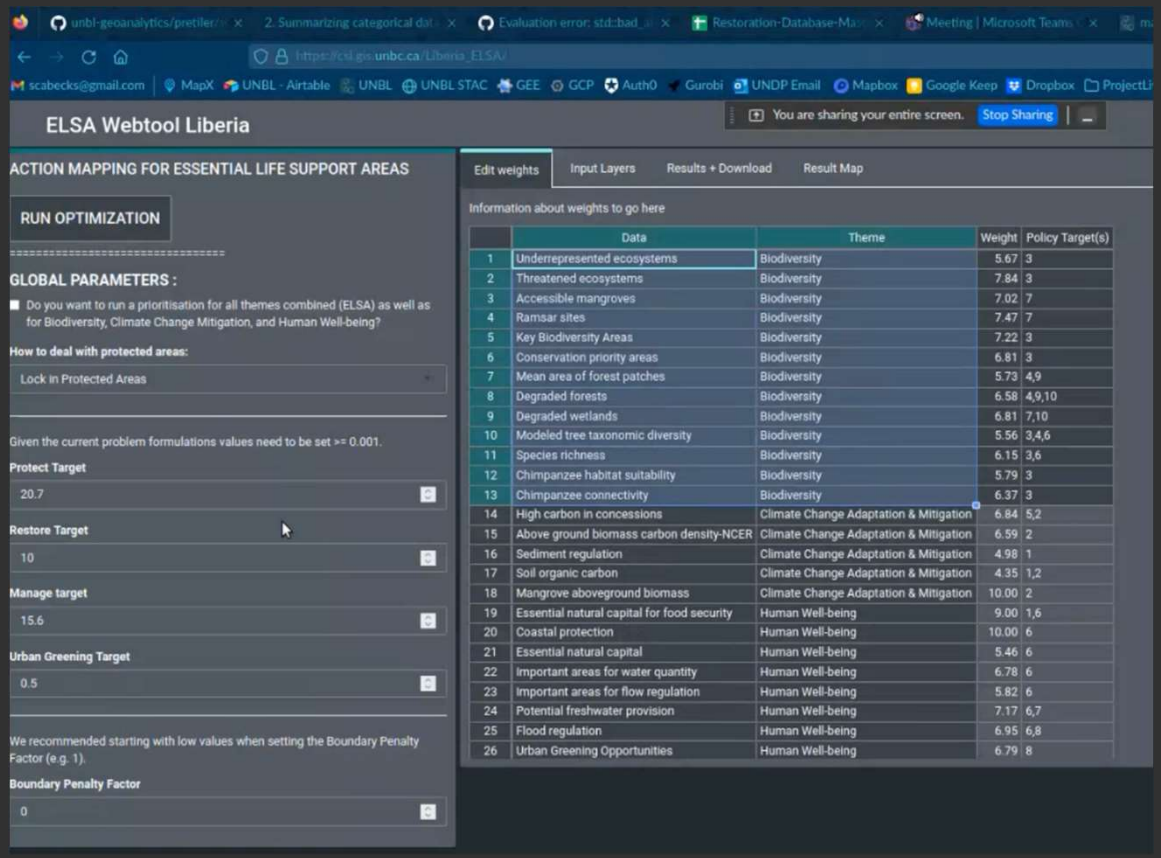
MAP ESSENTIAL LIFE SUPPORT AREAS *(Under Construction)*

- Tool to allow decision-makers used these data to take action based on their specific national priorities
- Identify essential life support areas to maintain key biodiversity and ecosystem services
- Set of selected countries to test out the tool



Learn more: https://unbiodiversitylab.org/en/maps-of-hope/

MAP ESSENTIAL LIFE SUPPORT AREAS *(Under Construction)*



	Data	Theme	Weight	Policy Target(s)
1	Underrepresented ecosystems	Biodiversity	5.67	3
2	Threatened ecosystems	Biodiversity	7.84	3
3	Accessible mangroves	Biodiversity	7.02	7
4	Ramsar sites	Biodiversity	7.47	7
5	Key Biodiversity Areas	Biodiversity	7.22	3
6	Conservation priority areas	Biodiversity	6.81	3
7	Mean area of forest patches	Biodiversity	5.73	4,9
8	Degraded forests	Biodiversity	6.58	4,9,10
9	Degraded wetlands	Biodiversity	6.81	7,10
10	Modeled tree taxonomic diversity	Biodiversity	5.56	3,4,6
11	Species richness	Biodiversity	6.15	3,6
12	Chimpanzee habitat suitability	Biodiversity	5.79	3
13	Chimpanzee connectivity	Biodiversity	6.37	3
14	High carbon in concessions	Climate Change Adaptation & Mitigation	6.84	5,2
15	Above ground biomass carbon density-NCER	Climate Change Adaptation & Mitigation	6.59	2
16	Sediment regulation	Climate Change Adaptation & Mitigation	4.98	1
17	Soil organic carbon	Climate Change Adaptation & Mitigation	4.35	1,2
18	Mangrove aboveground biomass	Climate Change Adaptation & Mitigation	10.00	2
19	Essential natural capital for food security	Human Well-being	9.00	1,6
20	Coastal protection	Human Well-being	10.00	6
21	Essential natural capital	Human Well-being	5.46	6
22	Important areas for water quantity	Human Well-being	6.78	6
23	Important areas for flow regulation	Human Well-being	5.82	6
24	Potential freshwater provision	Human Well-being	7.17	6,7
25	Flood regulation	Human Well-being	6.95	6,8
26	Urban Greening Opportunities	Human Well-being	6.79	8

Learn more: https://unbiodiversitylab.org/en/maps-of-hope/

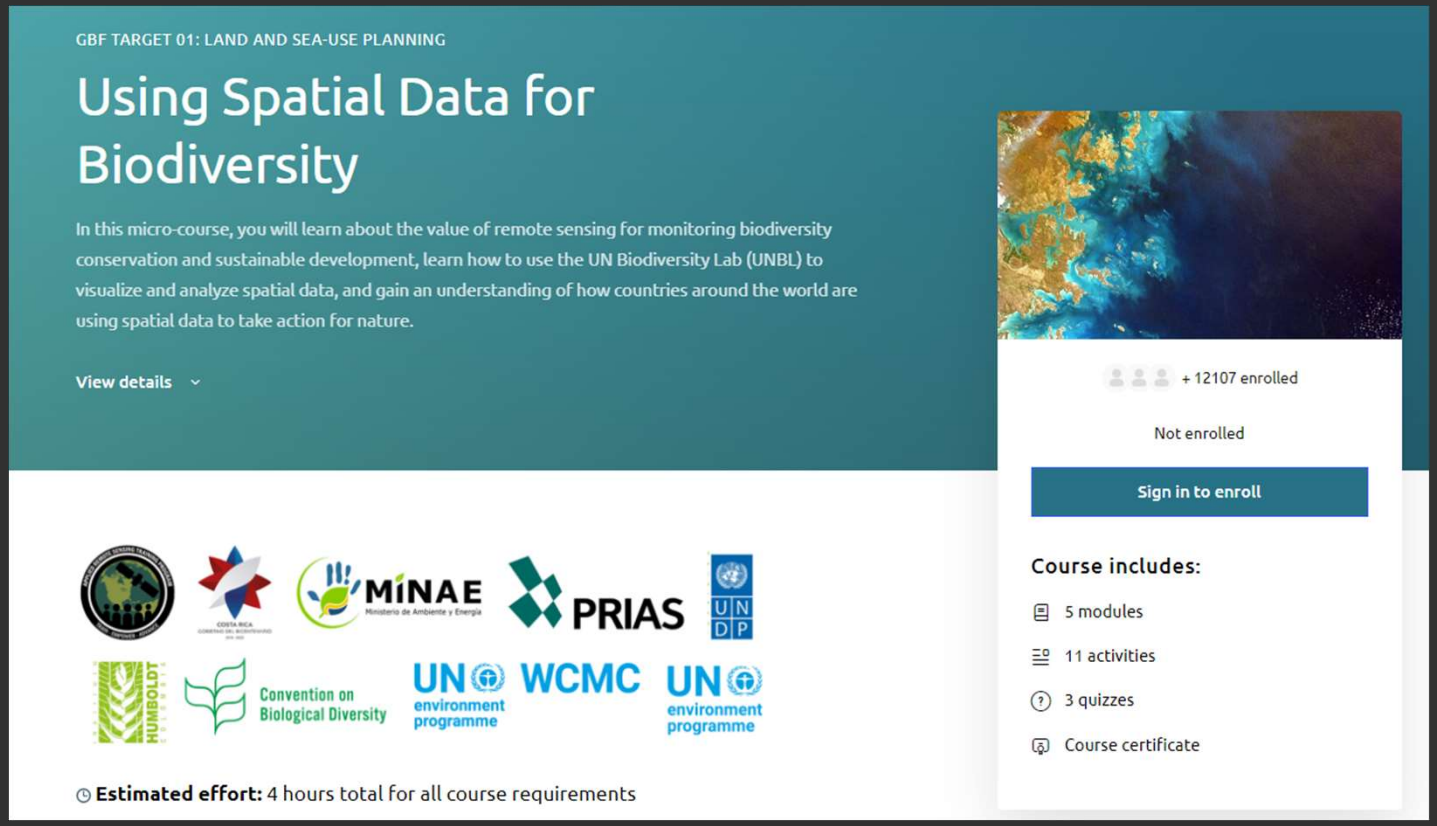
FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

- Continue to curate and add high-quality global data layers, as available
- Implement key metrics functionalities and provide access to GBF indicator calculations based on spatial data
- Implement new methodology to map Essential Life Support Areas (ELSA)
    - *We are interested to hear about use cases, how global data is useful at the national level*
- Integrate with other mapping and reporting tools (TargetTracker, Plangea, etc.)
- Engage with countries, UN agencies and others to understand needs and requirements of users

3 EASY STEPS TO GET INVOLVED

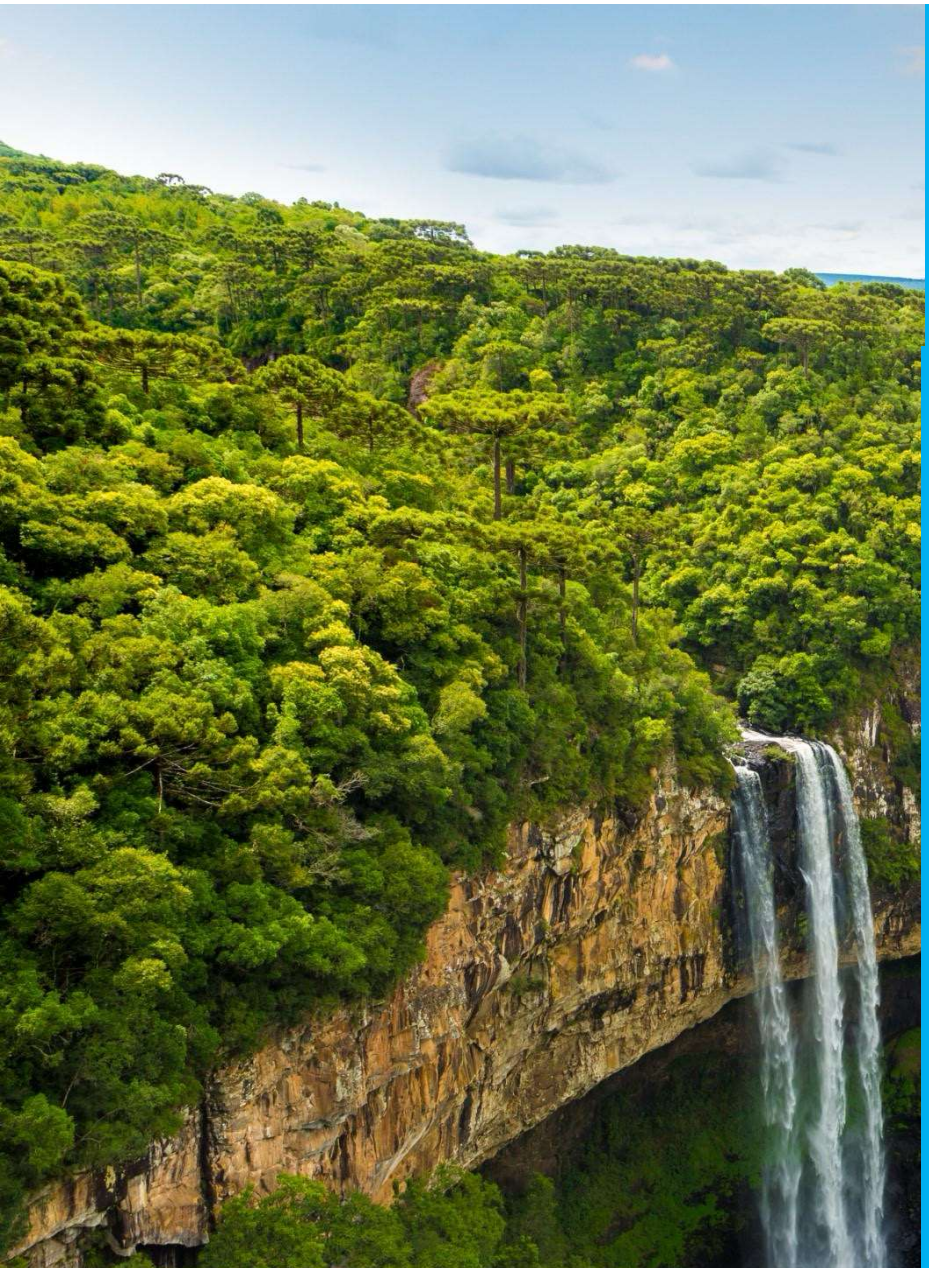
1. Sign up as our test users! -> Drop your email into the chat
2. Register today -> www.unbiodiversitylab.org, click on data tab
3. Create a UNBL workspace -> Email violeta.munoz@unep-wcmc.org

UNBL MICROCOURSE



Available in: EN | FR | PT | SP | RU

https://learningfornature.org/en/courses/using-spatial-data-for-biodiversity/



Questions?

Thank you for your attention!

https://www.unep-wcmc.org/en

https://unbiodiversitylab.org/en/